

## FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~ ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

REPORTING OFFICE 251 MILWAUKEE	OFFICE OF ORIGIN CHICAGO	DATE 5/19/77	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD 11/24/76 - 4/20/77
TITLE OF CASE 10 REVOLUTIONARY COMMUNIST PARTY, USA (RCP)		REPORT MADE BY SA [REDACTED]	TYPED BY [REDACTED]
		CHARACTER OF CASE DS	

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## REFERENCE

Milwaukee report of SA [REDACTED] 12/2/76.

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APPROPRIATE AGENCIES  
AND FIELD OFFICES  
ADVISED BY ROUTING  
SLIP (S) BY [REDACTED]  
DATE 12/10/79

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Classified by [REDACTED]  
Exempt from GDS, Category 2  
Date of Declassification: Indefinite

CLASS. & EXT. BY [REDACTED]  
REASON-FCIM II, 1-2.4.2  
DATE OF REVIEW 5/19/97

DECLASSIFIED BY [REDACTED]

ON 8/17/84

COMP # 244510

per release 62-117455-931

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ACCOMPLISHMENTS CLAIMED				<input type="checkbox"/> NONE	ACQUIT- TALS	CASE HAS BEEN:
CONVIC.	PRETRIAL DIVERSION	FUG.	FINES	SAVINGS	RECOVERIES	
						PENDING OVER ONE YEAR <input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO
						PENDING PROSECUTION OVER SIX MONTHS <input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO

APPROVED [REDACTED] SPECIAL AGENT  
IN CHARGE

DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW

- COPIES MADE:
- Bureau (1 - 30) (RM)
  - Secret Service, Milwaukee
  - Chicago (Info) (RM)
  - Milwaukee (1 - 100-16234)
    - (1 - 100-21607) (UWOC)
    - (1 - 100-15674) (VVAW)
    - (1 - 100-22594) (UWO)
    - (1 - 100-21351) (RSB)
    - (1 - 100-22610) (VIA) (1 - [REDACTED]) (USC)

Dissemination Record of Attached Report

Copy	251 Comm Div	4555
Best Recd.	(ESS & GCS)	
to Fwd.	6-23-77	
to Fwd.	0-720-5	FD 376
7211	[REDACTED]	
720J	[REDACTED]	

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APPENDIX

VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST THE WAR/WINTER  
SOLDIER ORGANIZATION (VVAW/WSO)

The VVAW, formed in 1967 by Vietnam veterans to protest U.S. involvement in the war in Southeast Asia (changed name to VVAW/WSO in 1973 to include non-veterans as members), has sponsored numerous anti-government demonstrations, some resulting in violence. The VVAW/WSO National Office (NO) and some key chapters are infiltrated and influenced by the militant Revolutionary Union (RU) organization, and VVAW/WSO leaders have told members that VVAW/WSO is a revolutionary organization, not "just another group of war veterans." The current Marxist-Leninist-Maoist oriented NO, which promotes education of the membership in Marxist-Leninist-Maoist doctrine and directs the organization into political growth along the same lines, has at VVAW/WSO National Steering Committee Meetings (NSCM), in 1974, portrayed VVAW/WSO as a mass anti-imperialist organization and a vanguard of the revolution eventually created by the masses.

VVAW/WSO leaders voted at the 12/74 NSCM to align VVAW/WSO with the RU, which organization follows a strict Maoist line designed to bring about violent revolution in the U.S.

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APPENDIX

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MI 100-16234

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Identity

Location

MI T-3 is

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

MI T-4 is

[Redacted]

MI 100-16234-3019

MI T-5 is

[Redacted]

MI T-6 is

MI T-7 is

MI 100-16234-3402, 3283  
MI 100-22594-65

MI T-8 is former

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

(u) [Redacted] has been assigned more than one  
T-symbol number in order to afford him further protection of  
identity. (u)

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

May 19, 1977

Director  
United States Secret Service  
Department of the Treasury  
Washington, D. C. 20223

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No. MI 100-16234

RE: REVOLUTIONARY COMMUNIST PARTY, USA

Dear Sir:

The information furnished herewith concerns an individual or organization believed to be covered by the agreement between the FBI and Secret Service concerning protective responsibilities, and to fall within the category or categories checked.

1. ☐ Threats or actions against persons protected by Secret Service.
2. ☐ Attempts or threats to redress grievances.
3. ☐ Threatening or abusive statement about U. S. or foreign official.
4. ☒ Participation in civil disturbances, anti-U. S. demonstrations or hostile incidents against foreign diplomatic establishments.
5. ☐ Illegal bombing, bomb-making or other terrorist activity.
6. ☐ Defector from U. S. or indicates desire to defect.
7. ☐ Potentially dangerous because of background, emotional instability or activity in groups engaged in activities inimical to U. S.

Photograph ☐ has been furnished ☐ enclosed ☐ is not available.

Very truly yours,

A handwritten signature in cursive script, reading "Clarence M. Kelley".  
Clarence M. Kelley  
Director

1 - Special Agent in Charge (Enclosure(s)) (1)  
U. S. Secret Service, Milwaukee

Enclosure(s) (1)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION~~CONFIDENTIAL~~~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Copy to: 1 - Secret Service, Milwaukee

Report of: SA [REDACTED]

Office: MILWAUKEE

Date: May 19, 1977

Field Office File #: MI 100-16234

Bureau File #: [REDACTED]

Title: REVOLUTIONARY COMMUNIST PARTY, USA  
(RCP)

Character: DOMESTIC SECURITY

*Retain*  
CLASS. & EXT. BY [REDACTED] 11/6/79  
REASON-FCIM II 1-2.4.2  
DATE OF REVIEW 5/19/97

Synopsis: Milwaukee Chapter of RCP is member of the RCP's Midwest District. Leadership is comprised of [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] also appear to serve as [REDACTED]. Membership known to consist of 25 individuals with others suspected of holding membership status. Members organized into branches for purposes of meetings. No headquarters identified, but activities appear to be directed from The Worker Center, 4409 West North Avenue. Aim of the RCP is to educate the masses of working class peoples in Marxist-Leninist philosophy and organize a united front against imperialism under the Party's

[REDACTED] (continued)

DECLASSIFIED BY [REDACTED]

ON 8/17/84

COMP # 244572

Per release 62-117455-831

10/26/90

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~Classified by [REDACTED]  
Exempt from GDS, Category 2  
Date of Declassification: IndefiniteAPPROPRIATE AGENCIES  
AND FIELD OFFICES  
ADVISED BY ROUTING  
SLIP (S) BY [REDACTED]  
DATE 12/10/93Only those paragraphs of this report marked (C) are classified ~~confidential~~; all other portions are unclassified marked (U).

Sources whose identities are concealed herein have furnished reliable information in the past, except where otherwise noted.

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leadership with an ultimate goal of overthrowing the government of the United States through violent means and, thereafter, establish a dictatorship of the proletariat. Local financial policy set forth. Main publications used are two newspapers: Revolution, the national newspaper of the RCP; and The Worker, the local newspaper. Theoretical journal called The Communist also published by the Party. Other groups in Milwaukee under influence and/or control of the RCP identified as: Unemployed Workers Organizing Committee, Vietnam Veterans Against the War, United Workers Organization, Revolutionary Student Brigade, Youth in Action, and U.S. - China Peoples Friendship Association. Information on each group set forth. Identity of RCP member traveling to the People's Republic of China set forth. Activities set forth. X(u)

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DETAILS:

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MI 100-16234

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I. Organizational Data

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The Revolutionary Communist Party (RCP) in Milwaukee, Wisconsin, is part of, and subordinate to, the national RCP which is headquartered in Chicago, Illinois. The Milwaukee RCP is a member of the Midwest District, which is known to be responsible for governing RCP activities in Chicago, Milwaukee, and Gary, Indiana. (U)

(MI T-1, April 4, 1977) ~~(u)~~A. Leadership

The following named individuals appear to be the local leaders of the RCP in Milwaukee, based on their past and present degree of involvement and their knowledge of Marxist-Leninist-Maoist (MLM) theory and the RCP's political line:

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

(U) ~~(u)~~(MI T-1, April 4, 1977) ~~(u)~~

[REDACTED] in addition to their [REDACTED] status, are suspected of being delegates or members of the RCP's Midwest District Committee. (U) ~~(u)~~

(MI T-1, April 4, 1977) ~~(u)~~

[REDACTED] RCP's National Central Committee or the National Secretariate. (U) ~~(u)~~

(MI T-1, April 13, 1977) ~~(u)~~B. Membership

The following individuals are positively known to be members of the RCP in Milwaukee based on either their own admissions, public or private; their attendance at closed meetings at which only RCP members are permitted; or verification of the fact from other known members:

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Member of Subject Organization

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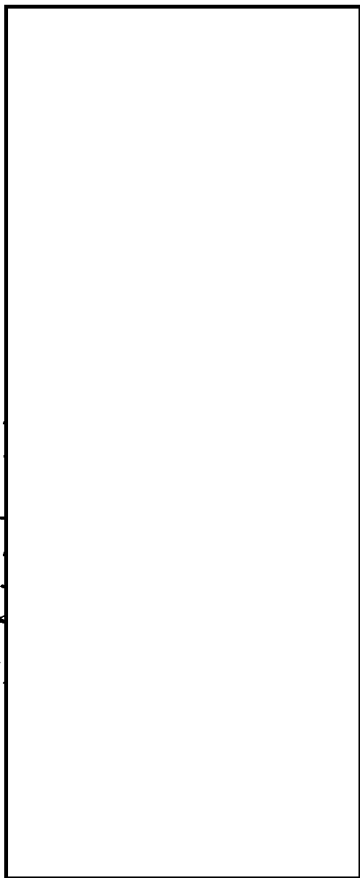
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MEMBERS OF Subj's  
ORGANIZATION

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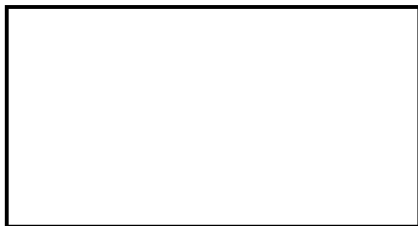
(S)(u)

(MI T-1, April 4, 1977) (S)(u)

(Previous investigation and documentation)

A few other individuals are believed without any doubt of being RCP members, however, their membership has not been confirmed to date. Those individuals are identified as:

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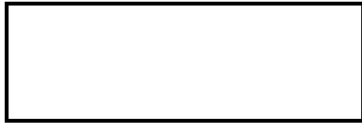


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(S)(u)

(MI T-2, August 9, 1976,  
July 21, 1976, and October 25, 1976)

(MI T-1, April 4, 1977) (S)(u)

There are still others who, although they are suspected of being RCP members, not enough is known of their activities to suspect them of such without some doubt. Those people are:



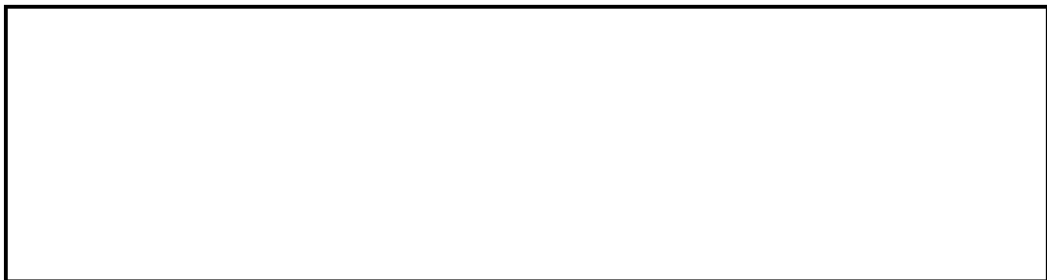
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(S)(u)

(MI T-1, April 4, 1977) (S)(u)

Individuals who have in the past been positively identified as RCP members but who have terminated their membership recently are:



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(S)(u)

(MI T-1, February 28, 1977, and  
April 4, 1977) (S)(u)

Others who have been active with the RCP or its affiliated groups in the past but who are no longer observed

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with any regularity, are:

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(u) X(u)

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(MI T-1, April 4, 1977) X(u)

Members of the RCP are assigned to a branch for the purpose of attending closed meetings. A branch is the most basic unit of the Party, and the branches are organized along the lines of the organization of production and society. In the same manner, the branch a Party member is assigned to depends largely upon his employment status and the type of industry in which he is employed. It appears that

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The possibility exists, however, that there may also be a Youth Branch and a Paper Branch, consisting of those who prepare the Party's publications. (u) X(u)

(MI T-1, April 4, 13, 1977) X(u)

C. Headquarters

No central location in Milwaukee is known to be considered as RCP headquarters. but The Worker Center located at 4409 West North Avenue

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(MI T-1, April 4, 1977) X(u)

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D. Aims and Purposes

The long range goal of the RCP is to bring about communism in the U.S. In order to reach a communist state, the RCP teaches that a violent revolution will be necessary in order to initially wrestle power from the hands of the capitalists. (U)

(MI T-1, December 22, 1976) ~~(u)~~

During a [redacted] b7D  
[redacted] it was discussed that it is likely that a revolutionary situation may exist within five to ten years because the masses will not be able to put up with the system much longer. ~~(u)~~

(MI T-1, December 22, 1976) ~~(u)~~

The RCP's strategy for revolution in the U.S., its strategic line for leading the revolution, is the united front against imperialism. The united front being defined as:

"Forces, representing different classes and class viewpoints, come together around particular struggles -- against imperialist aggression, cutbacks in social services, police repression, rising prices, and other questions ...." (U)

(RCP Central Committee  
Report, January, 1977, p.7)

(Programme and Constitution  
of the RCP, p.99)

"The policy of the proletariat and its Party, in building the united front against imperialism under its leadership, is to unite with those engaging in every such battle; to make clear through the course of these struggles the common enemy and the common cause of the masses of people; to develop fighters on one front against the enemy into fighters on all fronts; and to show how all these contradictions arise from and relate to the basic

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contradiction between the proletariat (working class) and the bourgeoisie (the capitalist class) and can only be finally resolved through the revolutionary resolution of the contradiction -- the seizure of power by the proletariat and the continuation of the revolution to the elimination of classes and class conflict." (U)

(Programme and Constitution  
of the RCP, p.98)

(RCP Central Committee Report,  
January, 1977, p.7)

(RCP Main Political Report, p.34)

#### E. Finances

The financial condition of the RCP is largely unknown; this is not an area that a rank and file member would have much knowledge of. The overall financial condition of the Milwaukee Chapter, however, is believed to be poor based on the comments overheard and customary pleas for members to pay their dues on time. Customarily, RCP members who are employed, or have other means of income, are assessed ten percent of their gross earnings for dues. Unemployed members sometimes pay as little as \$5.00 per month for dues. (U)

(MI T-1, April 4, 1977) X(u)

In brief, the finances of the Party are not in good shape. Several steps will be taken to correct the situation:

1. All branches should clarify dues rates, establish their monthly total and get it in each month by the end of the second week.
2. All cadre and others around the Party are encouraged to turn in part of their tax returns to The Worker.
3. In a few cases there are some longstanding debts to the Party. Comrades and others involved in these should work out a timetable for payment.

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4. Mass organizations which are behind in paying their bills for paper and rent for the office should take the problem up and solve it as part of their political work. (U)

(RCP District Bulletin on  
Benefits Cuts Campaign)

At an [redacted] it was decided that as RCP members paid their monthly dues, they could pledge their dues to any particular organization performing mass work in association with the RCP. This is a change from the previous way in which dues were collected in that formerly dues were paid directly to the branch treasurer and the branch would, in turn, allocate certain funds to particular mass organizations. Under the new guidelines, an individual branch member will be permitted to specify to which mass organization his support will go. (X)(U)

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(MI T-1, January 6, 1977) (X)(U)

#### F. Publications

The RCP in Milwaukee utilizes three main publications as a means of disseminating its political line on current and past events and to explain its philosophy; a national newspaper, a local area newspaper, and a theoretical journal. (U)

##### 1. National Newspaper

Revolution is the title of the RCP's national newspaper which self-describes itself as "the organ of the Central Committee of the RCP, USA." It is published on a monthly basis and subscriptions are requested to be sent to:

RCP, USA  
P. O. Box 3486  
Merchandise Mart  
Chicago, Illinois 60654 (U)

The RCP's Main Political Report (MPR) says the following of this newspaper:

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"Revolution is openly the organ of the Central Committee of the Party. As such its role is to put out to Party members, advanced workers and others who look to the Party for leadership, the line of the Party on major questions and important struggles ....; to explain lines and policies of the Party and important questions of theory; to expose and reveal the class nature of the enemies of the working class ....; to sum up developments around major campaigns of the Party; and to sum up key areas and key examples of the Party's work. (U)

## 2. Local Newspaper

The Worker is the local newspaper which serves as the RCP's voice in the Wisconsin area. The Worker is part of a nation-wide network of such papers and differentiates itself from other similar local papers by adding to its title, but in smaller print, the wording: "For the Milwaukee Area and Wisconsin." This paper self-describes itself and its aims as follows:

"This paper exists to build the struggle of the working class against the capitalist system of exploitation and oppression. It puts forward the political line of the Revolutionary Communist Party, USA on the major questions and struggles facing the workers.

"The Worker for the Milwaukee Area and Wisconsin is one of many such papers across the country. The staffs of these papers are made up of members and supporters of the RCP, USA." (U)

(The Worker, April, 1977,  
Vol. 2, No. 7)

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The MPR addressed the topic of the RCP's various local papers in different parts of the country as follows:

".....These papers should be the voice of the Party in the local area and be openly led by Party members. This does not mean that they should say on the masthead, 'Voice of the Revolutionary Communist Party,' (though it should be made clear in the papers themselves that they are the voice of the RCP).

"What it does mean is that these papers should put out the Party's line, with their major emphasis on shorter, agitational articles about local and regional struggles and the development of national campaigns and struggles in the area. (U)

(Main Political Report, p.37)

To be sure that all of the many local newspapers called The Worker from different areas maintained a centralized view of things, the MPR allowed for the formation of a centralized news service:

"Under the direction of the Central Committee of the Party (and its standing bodies) a news service will be developed to assist the local papers. This news service will issue several articles centrally each month to the local papers on key questions and struggles....This will strengthen the Party's leadership in the local papers and the presentation of the unified line of the party...." (U)

(Main Political Report, p.39)

As was stated, The Worker is currently published once a month. Plans appear to be underway, however, to turn

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the paper into a bimonthly organ. (U)

(MI T-3, February 17, 1977)

A "Bulletin to The Worker Staff, Production Crew, etc." pointed to those plans: "Our goal should be a paper that comes out more often with more timely agitation and propaganda. At this particular point it is not possible to come out every two weeks. Problems of staff building, distribution, production, finances have all got to be solved. Through analyzing these problems....we can....put out the kind of paper the working class needs, with the kind of regularity it needs." (U)

(Bulletin obtained by  
MI T-3, February 17, 1977) (U)

Once the paper becomes a bimonthly publication,  
"we must aim within a year after that to have weekly papers." (U)

(RCP Central Committee  
Report, January, 1977)

a. Location

To contact The Worker, readers are asked to call Milwaukee telephone number 445-3816 or write: The Worker, 4409 West North Avenue, Milwaukee, Wisconsin. (U)

b. Staff

[redacted] serves as [redacted] The Worker. (U)

[redacted] Dick & Reuteman  
Company, Milwaukee, Wisconsin,  
April 19, 1977)

(MI T-3, April 4, 1977) (U)

The below-named individuals are believed to make up the staff of The Worker due to their being observed with such regularity at the paper's offices:

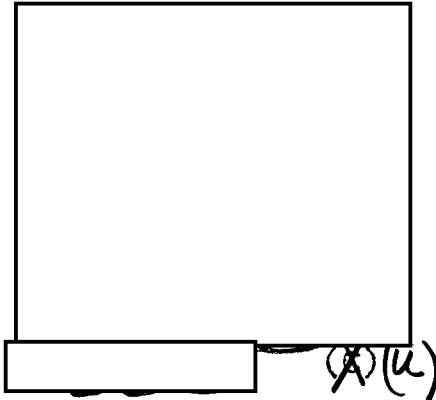
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(MI T-3, February 4, 1977, and April 4, 1977) ~~(X)~~(U)

c. Distribution

It appears that approximately 350-400 copies of The Worker are sold each month on the street; and additionally, about 250 copies are mailed to prisons. How many are sold through subscription is unknown. ~~(X)~~(U)

(MI T-3, April 13, 1977) ~~(X)~~(U)

3. Theoretical Journal

The MPR states:

"The Party, in addition to Revolution and the local papers, will also publish a theoretical journal on a regular basis, several times a year." (U)

In October, 1976, a paperback book was published by the RCP titled The Communist. It was self-described as the "Theoretical Journal of the Central Committee of the Revolutionary Communist Party, USA." The booklet was marked as Volume 1, Number 1. (U)

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MI 100-16234

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II. Activities of the RCP

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During the period [redacted]  
[redacted] were positively identified in attendance at the Steel Workers National Convention in Las Vegas, Nevada, along with many other known and suspected members of the RCP. The purpose of the attendance at that convention by the RCP was to attempt to influence the Convention to lean towards RCP positions. It was said that there were 50 delegates to the Convention who would vote for RCP positions. (U)

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(MI T-4, September 28, 1976) X(u)

Subsequent to the Steel Workers National Convention, the RCP united in a campaign to break what they called the Abel Machine (referring to the retiring National President of the United Steel Workers Association (USWA), I. W. ABEL). In Milwaukee a campaign was taken up to raise support for USWA Presidential candidate [redacted] as opposed to the Abel Machine candidate, [redacted]. Readers of various leaflets were requested to call telephone numbers which were determined to be listed to [redacted] and [redacted]. Readers were also asked to write to P. O. Box 08305, which has been determined through previous investigation to be rented by [redacted] (U)

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(Leaflets)

(The Worker, December, 1976, edition)

RCP member [redacted] maintained an office out of which he campaigned for [redacted] (U)

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(MI T-3, January 18, 1977) X(u)

On [redacted]  
[redacted] Milwaukee, at which the featured speaker was [redacted]. He spoke about why working class people must not rely on capitalist politicians for their needs and he encouraged the working class to get out on election day in order to demonstrate against the politicians and the political system of the United States. X(u)

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He stated that it is only through proletarian revolution that the working class could build its own society - that the capitalist system must be destroyed. (U) X(u)

(MI T-3, October 27, 1976) X(u)

In December, 1976, The Worker newspaper, in conjunction with four inmates of the Wisconsin State Prison, Waupun, Wisconsin, filed a federal suit charging that prison officials were unconstitutionally preventing the prisoners from reading the newspaper, in violation of the prisoners' First Amendment rights. The lawsuit was filed by the Wisconsin Civil Liberties Union. (U)

(Milwaukee Journal newspaper,  
December 21, 1976)

(The Worker, January, 1977,  
Volume 2, No. 4)

As a result of the above-described suit, a Wisconsin Assistant Attorney General agreed to allow distribution of The Worker to prisoners. (U)

(Milwaukee Journal, March 21,  
1977)

Beginning in January, 1977, the RCP began laying its plans to organize its annual International Women's Day Celebration. The earliest leaflets regarding Women's Day stated that the United Workers Organization (described later in this report) was calling together a committee to build for International Women's Day (IWD). Meetings were to be held at 4409 West North Avenue. (U)

(Leaflet obtained by  
MI T-1) X(u)

The RCP appointed [redacted]

[redacted] to serve on the IWD committee. These four RCP members made up what the RCP referred to as the IWD work team. X(u)

(MI T-1, January 18, 1977) X(u)

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On February 6, 1977, The Worker newspaper sponsored a "Forum on the International Situation" at the Worker Center. RCP member [redacted] the event, and [redacted]

[redacted] RCP's view of the current world situation and the threat of a third world war. The RCP's stance regarding a third world war is that such a condition might just be the revolutionary situation that is needed for the working class to take advantage of and overthrow the capitalist system. The RCP considers both the USA and the USSR to be equal threats for beginning a world war and the working class of the world has nothing to gain by taking sides in the international struggles of those two imperialist superpowers. (U)

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(MI T-3, February 17, 1977) X(u)

An RCP National Bulletin, obtained in February, 1977, announced that for the next two months the RCP would be organizing a nation-wide campaign against the cutoff of the federal extensions of unemployment benefits. The RCP stated that the main force in the struggle would be the unemployed (as can be seen from the section of this report regarding the Unemployed Workers Organizing Committee which took the lead in waging this nation-wide campaign). (U)

(National Bulletin obtained from MI T-1, February 17, 1977) X(u)

On February 26, 1977, the RCP co-sponsored, along with the United Workers Organization, a May Day Kick Off Dinner for the purpose of publicizing what May Day represents to the world's working class. (U)

(MI T-5, February 28, 1977) X(u)

On March 13, 1977, the RCP co-sponsored, along with the United Workers Organization, its annual International Women's Day Celebration in order to honor the role of women in society and their role in the struggles to wipe out capitalism. (U)

(MI T-5, March 18, 1977) X(u)

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III. Use of Firearms

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[Redacted]

[Redacted]

~~(u)~~

(MI T-1, January 31, 1977)

~~(u)~~

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

~~(u)~~

(MI T-1, February 17, 1977)

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IV. Travel of RCP Members to Foreign Countries

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[Redacted]  
[Redacted]  
[Redacted]

~~(u)~~

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(MI T-1, March 10, 17, 28, and  
30, 1977, and April 13, 1977) ~~(u)~~

(MI T-5, March 31, 1977) ~~(u)~~

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V. Front Groups and Affiliated Organizations

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A. Unemployed Workers Organizing Committee  
(UWOC) (see Appendix)

ORGANIZATION

The UWOC is the most active of the various groups aligned with the RCP in Milwaukee. UWOC serves as a part of the united front in that its aim is to fight the struggles of the working class against unemployment and, by doing so, raise the political consciousness of the working class to a degree where the working class sees the monopoly capitalist system as the root of all its problems. (U)

(MI T-6, April 4, 1977) ~~(U)~~

1. Leadership

The [redacted] chaired jointly by RCP members [redacted] and [redacted] (U)

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WISC (MI T-6, April 4, 1977) ~~(U)~~

In addition, RCP members [redacted] the UWOC Steering Committee. ~~(U)~~ (U)

(MI T-6, April 4, 1977) ~~(U)~~

2. Membership

[redacted]  
[redacted]  
[redacted] (UWO;  
described in another section of this report), which was formed by the RCP in Milwaukee during August, 1976. (U) ~~(U)~~

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Currently, the following individuals appear to be

[redacted]

WISC { [redacted]

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Wisc




(X)(u)

(MI T-6, April 4, 1977) (X)(u)

### 3. Headquarters

The May-June, 1977, edition of U.W.O.C. National News, Volume 3, No. 2, provides the following address for persons wishing to join UWOC:

P. O. Box 08305  
Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53208  
Telephone: 445-5816 (U)

(Previous investigation by the FBI has determined P. O. Box 08305 to be rented by .)

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(Telephone number 445-5816 has been previously determined to be listed to The Worker, 4409 West North Avenue, Milwaukee.)

Practically all UWOC general membership meetings are held at the Worker Center, 4409 West North Avenue, Milwaukee. (u)

(MI T-6, January 7, 1977 - February 25, 1977) (X)(u)

(MI T-5, December 22, 1976 - March 23, 1977) (X)(u)

### 4. Aims and Purposes

The Revolutionary Union (which became the RCP on October 1, 1975) stated the purpose of UWOC as:

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"....to expose the nature of the monopoly capitalist (imperialist) system in the course of developing struggles around unemployed people's material needs, and fighting to win these struggles.... not only to fight for reforms, but through such struggles to develop the political consciousness and unity of the working class." (U)

(Revolutionary Union National Bulletin obtained in September, 1973)

Investigation has determined, and RCP documents verify, that UWOC serves as a recruiting ground for new RCP members:

"By working to build UWOC in its own right, as a mass, fighting organization of the unemployed, and conducting its own Party propaganda and agitation in this context, the Party will be able to recruit many of the unemployed workers into its own ranks..." (U)

(RCP Main Political Report, p.26)

Another purpose served by UWOC is the uniting of the various organizations around common battles, thereby bringing together a more solidly united front, which is exactly what the RCP strategy calls for:

"The main thrust of UWOC must be in the battle for jobs....but along with this, UWOC must actively mobilize unemployed workers in the fight against eviction, repossessions and other attacks....by mobilizing the unemployed in struggle and uniting this with the struggle of employed workers, (UWOC can) expose and attack the capitalist system.... Active fighters who come forward in UWOC should, together with communists in UWOC, work to link UWOC as a whole with these

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area-wide organizations in major battles against the capitalists." (U)

(RCP Main Political Report, pp. 26, 27)

5. Publications

The local UWOC is not known to originate any of its own publications other than the usual fliers and leaflets setting forth its demands and announcing sites and times for demonstrations. (U)

The local chapter does distribute a newspaper styled organ titled U.W.O.C. National News. Subscriptions are mailed to:

UWOC  
P. O. Box 17449  
Chicago, Illinois 60617 (U)

(Investigation by the Chicago FBI Office determined that P. O. Box 17449 is rented by The Worker for the Chicago-Gary area.)

U.W.O.C. National News

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*FL*

[redacted] RCP member from Chicago  
[redacted] - RCP member from Chicago  
[redacted] RCP member from Chicago  
[redacted] - RCP member from Chicago  
[redacted] RCP member from Milwaukee  
[redacted] RCP member from Milwaukee  
[redacted] RCP member from Milwaukee

(X)(u)

(MI T-6, April 4, 1977) (X)(u)

UWOC.

(X)(u)

of

(MI T-6, January 18, 1977, and April 4, 1977) (X)(u)

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(Other FBI investigation has determined [redacted] to be a national RCP functionary.)

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6. UWOC Activities

[redacted]  
[redacted] (U)

(MI T-3, November 12, 1976) X(u)

[redacted]  
On [redacted] and [redacted] forcibly seized a Portland, Oregon, foot stamp office. [redacted] has since been sentenced to nine years, [redacted] received a six-year sentence, for his action. (U)

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(U.W.O.C. National News, November-December, 1976, edition)

On December 20, 1976, UWOC sponsored a demonstration at the unemployment compensation offices in Milwaukee demanding "Jobs or Income." This action was supported by the United Workers Organization (UWO) and the Vietnam Veterans Against the War (VVAW). (U)

(MI T-6, December 22, 1976) X(u)

[redacted],  
[redacted] an inaugural demonstration against newly elected President JIMMIE CARTER, on January 20, 1977.

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[redacted] (u)  
(MI T-6, January 18 and 31, 1977) X(u)

On January 12, 1977, several members of UWOC staged a demonstration at the Milwaukee County Court House

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in opposition to the low wages and treatment of workers through the County Work Experience Training Program. (U)

(MI T-5, January 18, 1977) X(u)

On January 13, 1977, UWOC sponsored a demonstration at the Federal Building, Milwaukee, as part of its campaign to battle the proposed cuts in federal unemployment benefits. The demonstration was specifically aimed at the offices of U.S. Congressman HENRY REUSS due to his support of a federal jobs program; however, Federal Building guards did not allow the demonstrators past the main foyer of the premises. (U)

(MI T-6, January 18, 1977) X(u)

On January 31, 1977, UWOC sponsored a picket line and demonstration at the unemployment compensation office protesting proposed federal cuts in unemployment benefits. (U)

(MI T-6, February 17, 1977) X(u)

On February 21, 1977, UWOC sponsored a demonstration at the unemployment compensation offices demanding that no cuts be made in unemployment benefits. The demonstration then proceeded to the offices of The Milwaukee Journal newspaper where they demanded increased coverage of the government's attempts to cut unemployment benefits. (U)

(MI T-6, February 28, 1977) X(u)

[REDACTED]  
[REDACTED]  
[REDACTED] The demonstration was supported and joined by contingents from the United Workers Organization and youth groups. The purpose of the action was to protest in front of the White House regarding the proposed reductions in federal unemployment benefits. X(u)

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(MI T-6, March 8, 1977) X(u)

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On March 17, 1977, UWOC sponsored a demonstration at the Milwaukee AFL-CIO Headquarters in order to demand that the labor organization speak out against the proposed federal cuts in unemployment benefits. (U)

(MI T-6, March 30, 1977) ~~X~~(u)

On March 25, 1977, UWOC sponsored a demonstration at the Pfister Hotel where a local Democratic fund-raising dinner was being held and at which Vice President WALTER MONDALE was in attendance. The purpose once again was to protest proposed cuts in unemployment benefits. (U)

(MI T-6, March 30, 1977) ~~X~~(u)

UWOC is named as one of the organizations on the United May Day Committee which is planning this year's May Day Celebration in Milwaukee. (U)

(MI T-6, March 30, 1977) ~~X~~(u)

Now that the benefit cuts campaign has ended, UWOC will take up a new campaign tailored around the slogan, "Jobs at Union Wages." (U)

(MI T-6, April 13, 1977) ~~X~~(u)

Discussion has begun in UWOC meetings regarding forming a Regional UWOC Steering Committee. ~~X~~(u)

(MI T-6, March 15, 1977) ~~X~~(u)

In regard to forming a Regional UWOC Steering Committee, the May-June, 1977, issue of U.W.O.C. National News encourages all unemployed workers to join in a UWOC National Delegates Conference during June, 1977, to be held somewhere in the Midwest. (U)

(U.W.O.C. National News,  
Volume 3, No. 2)

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ORGANIZATION

B. Vietnam Veterans Against the War (VVAW) (see Appendix)

1. Leadership

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[redacted] an RCP member, is [redacted] in Milwaukee and Minneapolis, Minnesota. The VVAW is guided by the RCP. (U) X

(MI T-6, April 20, 1977) X (U)

2. Activities Sponsored by VVAW

On [redacted] the VVAW and U.S. - China People's Friendship Association (USCPFA) co-sponsored an appearance in Milwaukee of [redacted] at the Worker Center, 4409 West North Avenue, and the University of Wisconsin at Milwaukee. (U)

(Milwaukee Journal,  
December 5, 1976)

[redacted]

[redacted] was taken prisoner during the Korean War and was one of 21 American POWs who chose to live in Communist China rather than return to the U.S. after the war. (U)

(Milwaukee Journal,  
December 5, 1976)

During his appearance, he stated that prior to the war he had difficulty in finding work in the U.S. until he joined the Army. He stated that he joined the Army to stop the Chinese before they came to invade the U.S., but pointed out that the Chinese have no desire to invade the U.S. - that the Chinese have a great admiration and love for the American people. He spoke with affection of the Chinese Communist system. (U)

(Milwaukee Journal,  
December 5, 1976)

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On December 20, 1976, the VVAW supported a UWOC demonstration at the unemployment compensation offices. (U)

(MI T-6, December 22, 1976) ~~(U)~~

[redacted]  
in a VVAW take over of the Milwaukee offices of the Veterans Administration Building in early March, 1977. (U) ~~(U)~~

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(MI T-3, March 15, 1977) ~~(U)~~

The VVAW is one of several organizations composing the United May Day Committee. (U)

(MI T-3, March 30, 1977) ~~(U)~~

[redacted]  
[redacted]  
on weekends in order to conduct an "educational" series with unknown persons. It is suspected that they are attempting to organize a group there. (U) ~~(U)~~

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(MI T-3, February 28, 1977) ~~(U)~~

C. ~~United Workers Organization (UWO)~~

The UWO was formed by the RCP in Milwaukee during August, 1976. The [redacted] local RCP leader, [redacted] and the National RCP [redacted]

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[redacted]

wise

[redacted] (U) ~~(U)~~

(MI T-1, April 13, 1977) ~~(U)~~

1. Leadership

UWO continues to be [redacted]

[redacted]

(U) ~~(U)~~

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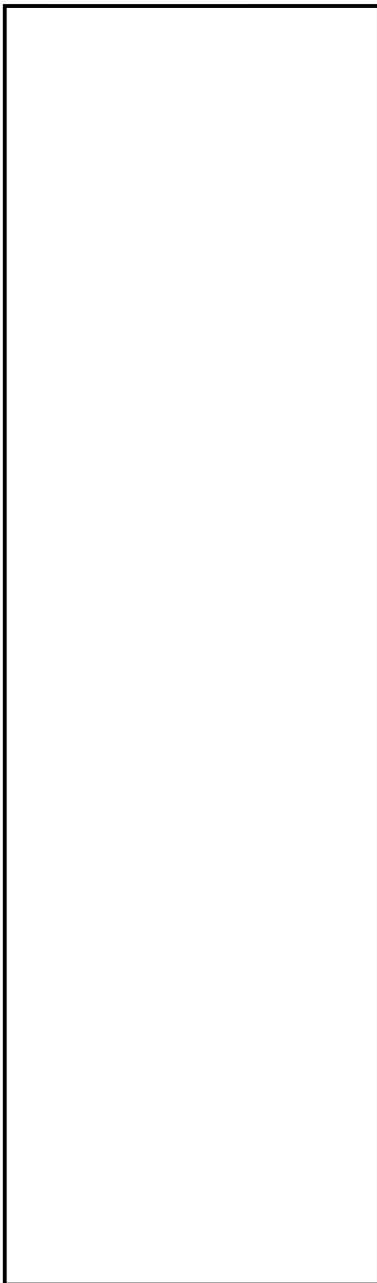
(MI T-1, April 13, 1977) ~~(U)~~

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2. Membership

Currently, the following individuals are believed to be members based on :



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(S) ~~(U)~~ (U)

(MI T-1, April 13, 1977) ~~(U)~~ (U)

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The members of UWO are organized into sections according to their type of employment. There are currently four industrial sections which have been organized: a steel section, an auto workers section, an electrical section, and a meat packers section. (U)

(MI T-1, April 13, 1977) ~~X~~(U)

### 3. Headquarters

"The Worker Center," 4409 West North Avenue, Milwaukee, for all practical purposes, serves as headquarters for UWO. Meetings are held there and, as mentioned just above, the telephone number used for calling UWO is listed to The Worker which maintains office space at this address. (U)

### 4. Aims and Purposes

Revolution, in its August, 1976, edition (Volume 1, No. 11), carried a full-page article regarding the founding of the Milwaukee Chapter of UWO. The article stated that the purpose of UWO was to:

"....thrust ahead the work of all plant-based organizations by bringing them together, in one class-wide committee organized into industrial sections where possible. A class-wide organization would allow each section to play a greater role in building the struggle of the workers in the plants as part of the struggle of the working class as a class for its own interests. New sections could be developed as contacts were made in other plants." (U)

The same article explains that the "UWO was formed as an organization intermediate between the Party and the trade unions..." (U)

The RCP, in its published "Programme," illustrates the need and purpose for organizations like UWO:

"....the Revolutionary Communist Party works to build various forms of workers' organizations, in the plants and unions and among the class as a whole..."

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"These workers' organizations are intermediate between the Party and the trade unions (and other similar mass organizations of workers). They are not a substitute for the Party or the trade unions. Building these organizations does not conflict with, but contributes to building the Party, and to building the struggle of the rank and file to defeat the treachery of the top union officials.

"These organizations act as conveyor belts linking the Party with the class as a whole. They are one important organizational form in which communists can unite with advanced workers to build the united front against imperialism under proletarian leadership and develop into communists the advanced workers who continually come forward in struggle." (U)

(RCP Programme, pp. 107, 109)

The RCP's Central Committee Report states that "the task of forming and building these organizations is a real and specific task that must be taken up in the course of building struggles and campaigns in an area or industry." (U)

## 5. Publications

### a. Local

Each industrial section of UWO utilizes its own newsletter, leaflets, circulars, etc. The following names are used by the respective sections for their publications:

<u>Section</u>	<u>Publication's Name</u>
Steel	<del>X</del> <u>Steel Worker</u>
Auto	<del>X</del> <u>Fighting Times</u>
Electrical	Not known
Meatpacking	<del>X</del> <u>The Packinghouse Worker</u> (U)

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The masthead of each of the newsletters, etc., carries the wording, "Published by the United Workers Organization," and Milwaukee telephone number 445-5816 is prominently displayed on each. (U)

(MI T-1, April 13, 1977) ~~(U)~~

(As shown in an earlier part of this report, telephone number 445-5816 is listed to The Worker newspaper.)

b. National

Publication

In March, 1977, a newspaper appeared in Milwaukee called The Organizer. The masthead claimed that it was the "National Newsletter of the Organizing Committee for a National Workers Organization," telephone number 445-5816, 4409 West North Avenue, Milwaukee. (U)

The first issue of this paper calls for workers to convene in Chicago, Illinois, over the 1977 Labor Day weekend in order to form a National Workers Organization. (U)

6. Activities

[REDACTED]

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[REDACTED] RCP members were told that not only were they expected to maintain their level of participation in Party affairs but they were also expected to keep aware of UWO activities and participate in them. (U) ~~(U)~~

(MI T-1, December 22, 1976) ~~(U)~~

On December 20, 1976, UWO members supported a UWOC demonstration at the unemployment compensation offices, 6th and Wells Streets. The main purpose for the action appeared to be to demand jobs and income for unemployed workers. (U)

(MI T-1, December 22, 1976) ~~(U)~~

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In January, 1977, a flier was distributed throughout Milwaukee regarding the annual Women's Day Celebration. The flier explained that UWO was calling together a committee to build for International Women's Day. (U)

(MI T-1, January 18, 1977) ~~(U)~~

(As was detailed in the section of this report detailing RCP activities, only RCP members were assigned to work on the steering committee of the Women's Day Organizing Committee) ~~(U)~~

At a [redacted] working to build a national UWO; struggling for good auto contracts; building Women's Day and May Day into successful events; campaigning for the defeat of the Abel Machine in the steel industry and fighting for the election of [redacted]; and joining UWOC in a nation-wide campaign to oppose proposed federal cuts in the extension period for unemployment benefits from 69 weeks to 35 weeks. ~~(U)~~

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(MI T-5, February 4, 1977) ~~(U)~~

On February 19, 1977, a planning meeting for organizing a national UWO (also referred to as a national intermediate workers organization - NIWO) was convened in Cleveland, Ohio. The purpose of the meeting was to unite a core of active and advanced workers to become the organizers of this national organization. An RCP National Bulletin pointed out that all RCP working class branches (those consisting of employed members) should begin discussing which RCP cadre should attend the meeting in Cleveland. The RCP Bulletin went so far as to suggest the ratio between RCP members and non-RCP members which should attend the meeting. (U)

(RCP National Bulletin, p.6)

Part of the same RCP National Bulletin described immediately above set forth that simultaneous with the planning meeting conducted in Cleveland, Ohio, an organizing committee meeting would be held in Chicago, Illinois, during

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February 19-20, 1977. Once again the RCP stated it desired to have approximately two non-Party delegates to each Party delegate at the meeting. The RCP stated that it should explain its role in building a national UWO as follows:

"...it should be explained to the people we are trying to mobilize for the organizing committee meeting, that the Party feels that it is a necessary and potential tremendous step for the working class to form this NIWO this year and why, but that the Party cannot do this by itself....our general approach and aim should be that the fact that Party members are active in the NIWO is generally known and not hidden on the one hand, and that, on the other hand, it is not made into a 'big deal,' not the identifying characteristic of the NIWO." (U)

A subsequent RCP National Bulletin, released in March, 1977, discussed what had taken place at the Chicago organizing committee meeting. It stated that about 170 people attended and that "we did fall short of the goal of the 2:1 ratio of non-Party to Party people called for in the supplementary information and guidelines, it was not a case of workers being 'surrounded' by Party members." The Bulletin continued that a national coordinating committee was selected at the meeting which will be the center of leadership in carrying out the work of building for the national founding convention in Chicago over Labor Day. A newsletter committee was also formed which was to circulate a national newsletter containing a "call" for building the national workers organization (see the section on publications of UWO, specifically The Organizer). The Bulletin advised that the original "call" would be followed by similar "calls" in the April issue of the various Worker newspapers and the May issue of the Revolution newspaper. (U)

(RCP National Bulletin, Vol. 2, No. 2)

The [redacted]

[redacted] from [redacted]

Milwaukee. National RCP [redacted]

(U)

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(MI T-7, February 23, 1977) (u)

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[redacted] the question was raised

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[redacted] (U)

(MI T-7, February 23, 1977) ~~(u)~~

On February 26, 1977, the UWO co-sponsored, with the RCP, a May Day Kick Off Dinner to publicize what May Day represents to the world's working class. ~~(u)~~ ~~(u)~~

(MI T-5, February 28, 1977) ~~(u)~~

On March 13, 1977, UWO co-sponsored, with the RCP, International Women's Day to honor the role of women in society and their role in the struggle to wipe out capitalism. ~~(u)~~ ~~(u)~~

(MI T-5, March 18, 1977) ~~(u)~~

On March 25, 1977, UWO sponsored a rally outside the American Motors Corporation, Milwaukee, during which speakers addressed the topics of run-away union shops, the UWOC campaign against unemployment cutbacks, and the on-going strike at the Allis-Chalmers Corporation. (U)

(MI T-5, March 31, 1977) ~~(u)~~

#### D. Youth Organizations

"One of the Party's most important areas of work is developing struggle and revolutionary organization among youth, and student..." (U)

(RCP Main Political Report)

~~ORGANIZATION~~

#### 1. Revolutionary Student Brigade (RSB) (see Appendix)

The RSB has been documented in previous reports to have been organized and guided by the RCP. It has also been documented that RCP members have constantly maintained themselves in the leadership positions within the RSB. (U)

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The RCP (apparently during 1975) made the decision that the RSB was no longer to characterize itself simply as an anti-imperialist student organization. RCP policy was established to transform the RSB into an openly communist organization. Following the establishing of that policy, the RSB, at its Second National Convention, during November, 1975, accepted an RCP proposal and voted to become the mass communist student organization of the Party. (U)

(RCP Main Political Report, p.35)

(Fight Back, December, 1975 - January, 1976, edition)

(Fight Back was the national newspaper of the RSB.)

a. Membership

The following individuals are believed to be

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

(+) ~~(u)~~

(MI T-1, April 4, 1977) ~~(u)~~

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b. Aims and Purposes

RSB as: The RCP has outlined the aims and purposes for the

- 1) Link the struggles of students with others against the imperialist system and raise their consciousness in the process.
- 2) Develop other broad based mass organizations among students.
- 3) Serve as part of the RCP's united front. (U)

(RCP Main Political Report, pps. 35-36)

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"The Party....has adopted the policy of transforming the RSB into a communist student organization....And the Party must continually recruit into its ranks the best, the staunchest, most dedicated and disciplined members of this organization." (U)

(RCP Main Political Report,  
p.35)

2. ~~X~~ Youth In Action (YIA)

The previous report regarding the RCP, furnished by the Milwaukee Division of the Federal Bureau of Investigation on December 2, 1976, outlined the beginning of a new youth group in the Milwaukee area called Youth In Action.

(U) Sc

YIA has self-described itself as: "...a fighting organization of youth. Uniting all nationalities, blacks, whites and latins in fighting for the things we need. We see that this system run by the rich capitalists is the cause if not all the problems we, our parents, and the majority of the people face. We are dedicated to helping to organize the fight of young people against our common problems as part of the overall fight of the working people and the millions of others in this country." (U)

A leaflet distributed by YIA in February, 1977, carried two telephone numbers which readers could call for additional information. Previous investigation has determined those members to be listed to The Worker newspaper and PATRICIA DIGGS. (U)

It is believed that [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

~~X~~(u)

wise

(MI T-1, April 4, 1977) ~~X~~(u)

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Investigation indicates that YIA consists of working class youth (high school age and older) as opposed to the RSB which is a college student organization. (U)

### 3. Publication

A copy of a newspaper titled The Young Red was obtained in February, 1977. Readers were asked to write to the following address to contact the paper:

The Young Red  
c/o Revolutionary Student Brigade  
P. O. Box A3423  
Chicago, Illinois 60690 (U)

The masthead of the paper indicated that this was issue No. 1 and it self-described itself as the "National Communist Youth Newsletter." (U)

The cover story indicates that organizations of youth have started in several U.S. cities; "Many of these groups have been started by the Revolutionary Communist Party." (U)

The same story continues that the newsletter is working with different youth groups to help build towards forming an open communist youth organization. This communist youth organization will unite with the RSB in order to have one organization leading the struggles of all youth throughout the country. (U)

### 4. Activities of the Youth Groups

A leaflet obtained in March, 1977, indicated that a meeting was held in Cincinnati, Ohio, March 26, 1977, for the purpose of preliminary discussion regarding forming one overall communist youth organization. (U)

The RCP considers YIA to be only a first step towards building a Young Communist League (YCL). The RCP describes the proposed YCL as:

Ohio

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"...an organization based both among students and working class youth in the neighborhoods....It must have a life of its own and at the same time take its lead from the Party. The main glue holding it together must be its communist character..." (U)

(Report from the Central Committee to the Membership of the RCP)

A founding convention has been set for launching the young communist organization on October 8, 1977. (U)

(Revolution, Vol. 2, No. 7, p.8, May, 1977)

#### 5. Role of the Young Communist League

Even before the YCL is formed, we are fortunate enough to have the new organization's character fully outlined for us by the RCP. There can be no doubt about who will guide and direct the YCL after reading the following:

"The main base of the communist youth organization will be working class youth in schools, including high schools, among the unemployed -- especially those who have not worked at all, or have had only an unstable relation to production, etc. At the same time, while its main base must be among working class youth, the communist youth organization will also include youth from other strata -- particularly students -- who take up the stand of the working class and want to fight for proletarian revolution.

"Such non-working youth, especially students, despite differences in class background, do share many of the same characteristics as working class youth -- especially the desire and search for a life with a purpose, and the daring and determination to change the world. But these non-proletarian youth must take up the outlook of the working class in joining the communist youth organization -- this organization cannot be a 'united front organization,' representing different and conflicting class viewpoints,

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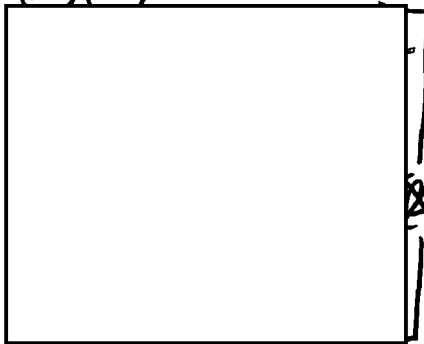
but a communist organization, representing and serving the struggle of the working class." (U)

(Excerpts from pp. 35-36  
of the RCP's Main Political  
Report)

E. ~~U.S.~~ - China Peoples Friendship Association  
(USCPFA) (see Appendix)



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(MI T-2, November, 1976) (u)

In Madison, the number of RCP associates in the USCPFA is not currently known, however, the degree of influence formerly held by RCP members or suspected members was made known in July, 1975:

[redacted] and  
[redacted] maintain control over  
others in the group by having important  
phone numbers, contacts and addresses.  
They know in advance what will be discussed  
in conventions and conferences so only they  
are in a position to lead discussions." (u) (u)

b6  
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(MI T-8, July 6, 1975) (u)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Apparently RCP infiltration of USCPFA has been a matter of concern to some local USCPFA chapters. The Detroit Chapter, especially, was concerned over the growing influence in its organization held by the Revolutionary Union (the RU reorganized itself into the RCP in October, 1975). In 1975, the Detroit Chapter distributed a 32-page document entitled, "Practice and Policy of U.S. - China Friendship." Part II of that document was titled, "The Struggle Within - A Critique of the Role of the Revolutionary Union within the USCPFA." The following excerpts from the document seem pertinent to this report in that they point to a growing control by the RU over the USCPFA at that time:

from page 9 -

"In Detroit, a pattern emerged which has tied all these various political issues together: when the issues were dealt with openly and directly, the active membership of the Association (with almost no exceptions) polarized with all but the Revolutionary Union forces on one side, and the RU forces -- an isolated handful -- on the opposite side. This political struggle has developed to the point where there are now two clearly identifiable and contending political perspectives inside the Association. The two perspectives represent two fundamentally different approaches to the question of how friendship work should be conducted and how the Friendship Association should be organized...." (X)(u)

from page 10 -

"...they claim they do not function as a political group within the Association; they pretend that they are not part of a unified political organization. By denying that they operate with a common political line and a political purpose, by pretending the obnoxious does not exist, they continually reinforce the 'J. Edgar Hoover' anti-communist stereotype

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

of deceitful and dishonest communists who  
work within organizations for ulterior  
motives...." (U)

from page 31 -

"It is also worth noting that the  
Friendship Association is not the only  
organization which has found the role of  
the RU within the organization to be a problem.  
During the past year or two, similar problems,  
similar criticisms of the RU's style of work  
and political mistakes have been raised in  
a number of other groups...." (U)

(Document provided by  
MI T-8, November 20, 1975) ~~(U)~~

APPENDIX

REVOLUTIONARY STUDENT BRIGADE

In November, 1975, the Revolutionary Student Brigade (RSB) announced it was transforming itself from an anti-imperialist organization into a revolutionary communist organization. The RSB announced it was to be the youth organization of the Revolutionary Communist Party (RCP) and as such will help bring people into the "struggle" and help build the revolutionary movement. Members of the RSB are to consider themselves as communists. As the official youth group of the RCP, the RSB adheres to the policies and objectives of the RCP, which include the overthrow of the U. S. Government by force and violence and the ultimate establishment of a dictatorship of the proletariat based on Marxist-Leninist-Maoist principles.

As of March 1, 1976, the headquarters of the RSB was located in Chicago, Illinois.

APPENDIX

APPENDIX

UNEMPLOYED WORKERS ORGANIZING COMMITTEE (UWOC)

An internal document prepared by the Revolutionary Union (RU), and obtained during 1973, pointed out the RU's interests and desire to build UWOC "from the bottom up" as "an organizing committee made up of communist and other anti-imperialist elements united around the United Front Program." The document further stated, "The whole purpose of UWOC is to expose the nature of the monopoly capitalist (imperialist) system in the cause of developing struggles around unemployed people's material needs...The purpose then is not only to fight for reformation, but through such struggles, to develop the political consciousness and unity of the working class." The central slogans for UWOC are "Employed/Unemployed - Same Crisis, Sam Fight"; and, "Jobs or Income." UWOC is headquartered nationally in San Francisco, California.

.APPENDIX

APPENDIX

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

UNITED STATES-CHINA PEOPLES FRIENDSHIP  
ASSOCIATION (USCPFA)

The United States-China Peoples Friendship Association (USCPFA), formerly known as the United States-China Friendship Association, was founded during 1971 at San Francisco, California, primarily as a front group for pro-Chinese communist propaganda and a recruitment field for the Revolutionary Union (RU), a basic Marxist-Leninist-Maoist revolutionary organization, which is now known as the Revolutionary Communist Party (RCP). The USCPFA was previously comprised of loosely knit autonomous chapters and was instrumental in arranging delegations for travel to the People's Republic of China (PRC).

The emergence of a national USCPFA organization followed a "National Founding Convention" held at Los Angeles, California, during the Fall of 1974. A statement of principles was adopted with the publicly stated goal of the USCPFA "to build active and lasting friendship based on mutual understanding between the people of the United States and the people of China." USCPFA has a 16-member National Steering Committee, of whom approximately one-half are also RCP members, which is responsible for all policy matters concerning the USCPFA and the publication of the organization's magazine "New China." The chairperson and public spokesman for USCPFA has been identified as a member of the RCP. A national office has been established in Los Angeles, California, and has assumed responsibility for maintaining relationships with appropriate PRC agencies regarding future travel delegations to the PRC. Some chapters of the USCPFA have been identified as being completely controlled or dominated by the RCP.

APPENDIX

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~ADMINISTRATIVE

The cover pages of this report, plus the report itself, are classified ~~confidential~~ in order to protect the identity of [MI T-1, MI T-3, and MI T-6.] (U)

Two copies of an FD-376 are attached to this report; one copy of the report has been furnished to Secret Service, Milwaukee. (U)

Current informant coverage of the RCP in Milwaukee is afforded by [redacted] informant, and [redacted]

b7D  
b7E

[redacted] (U)

The Milwaukee Division maintains separate files on all of the various organizations mentioned in this report as shown in the copy count. The majority of these files, however, serve only as control files; all investigation of these groups is performed as a part of the overall investigation of the RCP and its activities. (U)

None of the individuals mentioned in this report are currently subject to active pending investigation by the Milwaukee Division. (U)

INFORMANTSIdentityLocation

MI T-1 is [redacted]

(U) MI T-2 is [redacted]

[redacted]

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COVER PAGE

- B -

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Dissemination  
Routing Slip  
FD-417 (9-12-69)

(REGISTERED)

(Copies to Offices Checked)

To: ☒ Director, Atty: \_\_\_\_\_  
☒ SAC, \_\_\_\_\_

☐ Albany  
☐ Albuquerque  
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☐ San Diego  
☐ San Francisco  
☐ San Juan  
☐ Savannah  
☒ Seattle  
☐ Springfield  
☐ Tampa  
☐ Washington Field

Date 4/27/77

RE:

REVOLUTIONARY COMMUNIST PARTY  
DOMESTIC SECURITY  
(OO: Chicago)

REMARKS:

/ Attached furnished for information.

ALL

JOHN G. DEVINE

FILE #:

HQ [redacted]  
SE 100-29338  
PD [redacted]

OFFICE PORTLAND

10/75

UNCLASSIFIED

11/15/97

SEARCHED [redacted] INDEXED [redacted]  
SERIALIZED [redacted] FILED [redacted]

MAY 13 1977  
FBI-CHICAGO

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The Soviet Union exploits its client nations in three ways, Andrews said. First, workers are imported from Eastern Europe to work at undesirable jobs at low pay, thus driving down the wages of Soviet workers. Secondly, through unequal trade arrangements, the Soviet Union pays less

than market value for imports and charges more than market price for exports. Finally, foreign countries are forced to finance construction projects in the Soviet Union. "Eastern Europe's capital investment is determined by the Soviet Union," Andrews said.

Szymanski faced a generally hostile audience as he presented figures proving that Soviet society is still structured socialistically. "It is not possible to show there is an exploiting class in the Soviet Union," Szymanski said. "There has been an incredible rise in the standard of living of the Soviet working class, and corresponding gains in economic equality."

The highest salaries in the USSR go to people who practice professions such as medicine or engineering, not to the managers, Szymanski said. Soviet dissidents are not from the working class; 94 per cent are petit bourgeois or intelligentsia, he said. High positions are seldom passed from generation to generation. Moscow's terms of trade with its allies are on the whole fair and often generous. Szymanski claimed these facts "show major contradictions in the arguments of those who claim capitalism has been restored to the Soviet Union."

"You can't say the Soviet Union has reverted to capitalism in the last 25 years based on any scientific investigation," Szymanski continued. "We must be scientific and precise in evaluating evidence, not polemical and sloppy."

A member of the October League, an extremist Maoist organization, accused Szymanski of revisionism. Few other members of the audience were willing to go so far as that, but the RSB speakers drew the most applause. One audience member commented that the Soviet role in Angola resembled imperialist conquest too closely for the Soviet Union to be credited for having acted in the spirit of proletarian internationalism.

# Soviet Union role in Angola disputed at leftist conference

By JACKMAN WILSON  
Of the Emerald

At the Revolutionary Communist Party's conference in Seattle last weekend, it became clear that leftists in the United States often wish they had never heard of Angola.

When the Soviet-backed Popular Movement for the Liberation of Angola (MPLA) seized power March, 1976, two basic interpretations of the Soviet Union's motives emerged. One position is that the Soviet Union can play a positive role in the liberation of third world countries; the other is that the USSR is just another imperialist power bent on conquest.

These two interpretations, and a number of variations upon them, clashed openly during a conference workshop on the nature and role of the Soviet Union. At issue was a question basic to the planning of leftist strategy: should the USSR's political and military maneuvers in the third world be supported or opposed?

The workshop opened with presentations by three panelists on their views of the Soviet state's character, and a debate on whether or not capitalism has been restored in the Soviet Union. A lively question and comment session followed the presentations.

The panelists were Bert Knorr,

a Portland member of the Revolutionary Student Brigade (RSB) and formerly of Eugene; Mike Andrews of the University of Washington RSB and Al Szymanski, a sociology professor in Eugene.

Both RSB members said the Soviet Union is a dangerous element in world politics, that socialism has been abandoned and that the USSR is extracting economic and political advantages from the parts of the world it controls.

Szymanski argued while the USSR does not represent the purest possible form of socialist society, the Soviets offer the most practical alternative to the imperialism of the United States and the USSR is more or less benevolent in the treatment of its allies.

Knorr began by saying, "It's important we settle this question. If there's another World War, we will need to know if the Soviet Union is an ally we can depend on, or an enemy we've got to watch out for."

Soviet society, Knorr said, has regressed from a condition of working class control to one of bourgeois domination. Managers and bureaucrats draw high salaries and enjoy special privileges, Knorr said, while exploitation of Soviet workers has been stepped up.

"Profit is in command," Knorr said. "If the Soviet Union is socialist, I'm not sure I want to have anything to do with socialism."

Andrews took a similar position, but supported his argument by examining the Soviet Union's economic relations with its allies.

"The relations with people's democracies in Eastern Europe have changed since the 1950s," Andrews said. "These relations are now determined by the same laws that bind any imperialist country."

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

8 Oregon Daily Emerald

University of Oregon

Eugene, Oregon

Date: 4/5/77

Edition:

Author:

Editor:

Title:

Character:

or

Classification:

Submitting Office:

☐ Being Investigated

2 - Bureau  
2 - Seattle (100-29338)  
Q - Portland (1-100-14477)  
(1-100-14486)  
(1-100-12449)  
(1-80-42)

cc: CG

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(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

# Northwest meeting focuses on imperialism

The internationalist tasks of the American people center around the role of the Soviet Union if attitudes expressed at Saturday's Northwest Conference on the International Situation reflect prevailing views of the American left.

The regional conference, called by the Maoist Revolutionary Communist Party (RCP) carried debate over the USSR's growing world reach throughout the day-long series of workshops, panel and small group discussions. Over 450 people attended the event at the University of Washington campus. A sizeable Eugene delegation swelled the list of registrants.

David Adami, addressing the opening session of the conference, called upon the American people and all oppressed people "to throw imperialism into the garbage can of history."

By HEATHER McCLENAGHAN  
Of the Emerald

Imperialism was the primary topic of conversation, although whoever represented the larger threat of global expansionism — the United States or the Soviet Union — remained unclear at the conference's end.

The "restoration of capitalism in the Soviet Union" makes the

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

1 Oregon Daily Emerald

University of Oregon

Eugene, Oregon

USSR an aggressive, imperialist power in the same league with the United States, European socialist Claude Jolley told his audience at a workshop on Europe. Jolly said Eastern and Western Europeans alike are beginning to see through the sham of the two super powers' designs on their lands.

against fascism. But today these same parties have collaborated with their respective ruling classes to the point they are no longer people's organizations," Jolly

See related story  
page 8

said.

Jolly insisted that the question of Europe should remain as a key focus of discussion in the United States as contention between the two super powers brews.

"Whether you like it or not, you are going to be involved. What you say and what you understand is going to make a hell of a lot of

difference," Jolly said.

Jolly said the European workers' movements are strong and growing. Jolly cited recent strikes, slowdowns and factory takeovers as indications of the power of the European working class.

Following through on the question of the internationalist tasks of the American people, Jan Ford of the Seattle RCP told several hundred listeners the American people must oppose imperialism of both superpowers while, at the same time concentrating the attack on the United States.

"We must direct the main blow on our own rulers here in this country," Ford said.

Date: 4/5/77

Edition:

Author:

Editor:

Title: REVOLUTIONARY COMMUNIST PARTY

Character: DS

or

Classification:

Submitting Office: Portland

☐ Being Investigated

2 - Bureau (RM)

2 - Seattle (100-29338) (RM)

2 - Portland

(1) (RCP)

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FBI - PORTLAND	

cc: CG

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FOI/PA# 1505142-000

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BOSTON (100-39725)  
BUFFALO (100-11097)  
CHICAGO [REDACTED]  
DENVER (100-9694)  
DETROIT (100-35737)

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HOUSTON (100-11461)  
LOS ANGELES (100-72077)  
(U) MILWAUKEE (100-16234)  
NEW YORK [REDACTED]  
PORTLAND [REDACTED]  
SAN FRANCISCO (100-65253)  
SEATTLE (100-29338)  
WASHINGTON FIELD (100-49578)

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FRQ1: BIRMINGHAM (100-5970) (P)

CLASS. & EXT. BY [REDACTED]  
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DATE OF REVIEW 5-30-95

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REVOLUTIONARY UNION (RU); IS. OO: CHICAGO.

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES  
AND FIELD OFFICES  
ADVISED BY ROUTING  
SLIP (S) BY [REDACTED]  
DATE 8-17-79

ON MAY 30, 1975, A CONFIDENTIAL SOURCE, WHO HAS FURNISHED  
RELIABLE INFORMATION IN THE PAST, ADVISED THAT [REDACTED]

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5/30/75

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AIRTEL

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI [redacted]  
FROM: SAC, ATLANTA (100-7809) (P)  
SUBJECT: REVOLUTIONARY UNION (RU)  
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OO: CHICAGO

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Re Chicago airtel to the Bureau, 5/22/75.

On 5/30/75, [redacted]

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[redacted] advised that he is aware of no trips to the Peoples Republic of China (PRC), during June, 1975, under the Auspices of the [redacted] Source said that the [redacted]

[redacted] until September or October, 1975. (U)

CLASS. & EXT. BY [redacted]  
REASON-FCIM II, 1-2.4.2  
DATE OF REVIEW 5-30-95

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Classified by [redacted]  
XGDS, Category 2  
Date of Declassification Indefinite

2-Bureau  
②-Chicago (1- [redacted])  
(1-100-53269)  
2-Los Angeles (1- [redacted])  
(1-100-72077) (RU)  
3-Atlanta (1-100-7809) (RU)

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APPROPRIATE AGENCIES  
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DATE 7-25-79

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NR 001 BH CODE

1146 PM NITEL MAY 30, 1975 DGS

TO: DIRECTOR [REDACTED]  
ATLANTA (100-7809)  
BALTIMORE (100-27321)  
BOSTON (100-39725)  
BUFFALO (100-11097)  
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DENVER (100-9694)  
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MILWAUKEE (100-16234)  
NEW YORK [REDACTED]  
PORTLAND [REDACTED]  
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WASHINGTON FIELD (100-18578)  
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AND FIELD OFFICES  
ADVISED BY ROUTING  
SLIP(S) BY [REDACTED]  
DATE 8-17-79

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FROM: BIRMINGHAM (100-5970) (P)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

REVOLUTIONARY UNION (RU); IS. OO: CHICAGO.

ON MAY 30, 1975, A CONFIDENTIAL SOURCE, WHO HAS FURNISHED  
RELIABLE INFORMATION IN THE PAST, ADVISED THAT [REDACTED]

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[REDACTED]  
ETC., PRESENTLY UNKNOWN TO SOURCE. ~~C~~ (U)

THE REVOLUTIONARY STUDENT BRIGADE (RSB) IS A YOUTH ORGANIZATION STRONGLY INFLUENCED BY THE REVOLUTIONARY UNION (RU), A BASIC MARXIST-LENNIST-MAOIST ORGANIZATION.

ADMINISTRATIVE:

RE CHICAGO AIRTEL, 5/22/75.

SOURCE IS [REDACTED] ~~C~~ (U)

BIRMINGHAM WILL MAINTAIN CONTACT WITH [REDACTED] FOR

ADDITIONAL DETAILS REGARDING [REDACTED] AND SUBMIT LHM

RE [REDACTED] ~~C~~ (U)

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DI 1 PM NITEL SEPTEMBER 9, 1974 WWC

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI AND

SACS, BALTIMORE

DETROIT

CHICAGO

NEW YORK

FROM: SAC, WFO (100-NEW) ~~(P)~~ (3P)

ATTN: INTD.

DEMONSTRATION SPONSORED BY THE REVOLUTIONARY UNION (RU) AND  
THE REVOLUTIONARY STUDENT BRIGADE (RSB), AT THE WORLD ENERGY  
CONFERENCE, DETROIT, MICHIGAN, SEPTEMBER 23, 1974, IS-RU.

ON SEPTEMBER 6, 1974, A REPRESENTATIVE OF THE METROPOLITAN  
POLICE DEPARTMENT (MPD) INTELLIGENCE DIVISION, WASHINGTON, D. C.  
(WDC), ADVISED THAT MEMBERS OF THE REVOLUTIONARY UNION (RU)  
AND THE REVOLUTIONARY STUDENT BRIGADE (RSB) ARE TO TRAVEL TO  
DETROIT, MICHIGAN, IN ORDER TO PARTICIPATE IN A DEMONSTRATION  
DURING THE PERIOD OF THE WORLD ENERGY CONFERENCE ON SEPTEMBER  
23, 1974, AT WHICH PRESIDENT FORD WILL BE PRESENT. NO DETAILS  
ARE KNOWN REGARDING THE NUMBER OF PARTICIPANTS; HOWEVER, MEMBERS  
OF BOTH GROUPS FROM VARIOUS CITIES ARE EXPECTED TO PARTICIPATE  
IN THE DEMONSTRATION.

ON SEPTEMBER 9, 1974, THE SAME MPD REPRESENTATIVE ADVISED  
THAT ON SEPTEMBER 3, 1974, AT A PRO-GREEK DEMONSTRATION AT WDC

END PAGE ONE

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PAGE THREE

FORMATION OF A COMMUNIST PARTY BASED ON MARXISM-LENINISM-MAO TSE-TUNG THOUGHT, LEADING TO THE OVERTHROW OF THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT BY FORCE AND VIOLENCE. MEMBERS OF THE RU HAVE BEEN IDENTIFIED AS COLLECTING WEAPONS WHILE ENGAGING IN FIREARMS AND GUERRILLA WARFARE TRAINING. AS OF JULY, 1974, RU NATIONAL HEADQUARTERS WAS LOCATED IN MAYWOOD, ILLINOIS.

THE RSB, FORMERLY KNOWN AS THE ATTICA BRIGADE, IS A STUDENT-BASED ORGANIZATION FOUNDED IN NEW YORK CITY IN THE FALL OF 1971. THE RSB CONSIDERS ITSELF TO BE AN ANTI-IMPERIALIST ORGANIZATION WHICH VIEWS UNITED STATES IMPERIALISM AS THE MAIN ENEMY OF THE PEOPLE OF THE WORLD. THE RSB FAVORS VIOLENO ACTIONS TO FURTHER ITS CAUSE AND IS MOVING CLOSER IN IDEOLOGY TO THE RU, WHICH HAS SIGNIFICANTLY INFILTRATED THE RSB AND PLAYS A MAJOR ROLE IN THE RSB POLICIES, DECISIONS AND ACTIVITIES. AS OF JULY, 1974, THE RSB IS HEADQUARTERED IN NEW YORK CITY.

ADMINISTRATIVE:

THE REPRESENTATIVE OF THE MPD IS OFFICER [REDACTED]  
THE REPRESENTATIVE OF THE U.S. SECRET SERVICE IS SA [REDACTED]  
WFO WILL PROVIDE THE ABOVE OFFICES WITH ANY ADDITIONAL INFORMATION WHEN AVAILABLE.

END

EMM FBI CG CLR

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PAGE TWO (100-NEW)

IT WAS ANNOUNCED THAT THOSE PRESENT SHOULD PREPARE TO TRAVEL TO DETROIT TO PARTICIPATE IN A DEMONSTRATION ON SEPTEMBER 23, 1974. ADDITIONAL DETAILS REGARDING PRO-GREEK PARTICIPATION ARE NOT KNOWN AT THIS DATE.

ON SEPTEMBER 6, 1974, A REPRESENTATIVE OF THE U.S. SECRET SERVICE, WDC, ADVISED THAT PRESIDENT FORD IS TO TRAVEL TO DETROIT FOR A CONFERENCE ON SEPTEMBER 23, 1974, AND THAT LIMITED DISSEMINATION REGARDING THE TRAVEL OF FORD HAS BEEN MADE. THE REPRESENTATIVE WAS ADVISED OF THE PLANS OF THE GROUPS TO TRAVEL TO DETROIT FOR THE SEPTEMBER 23, 1974, DEMONSTRATION.

THE RU, FOUNDED IN EARLY 1968 IN THE SAN FRANCISCO BAY AREA, IS A MILITANT SEMI-COVERT MARXIST-LEMINIST REVOLUTIONARY ORGANIZATION IDEOLOGICALLY ORIENTED TOWARDS THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA AND THE TEACHINGS OF MAO TSE-TUNG. ITS OBJECTIVES AS SET FORTH IN ITS THEORETICAL PUBLICATION, "THE RED PAPERS," AND IN ITS MONTHLY NEWSPAPER, "REVOLUTION," ARE THE DEVELOPMENT OF A UNITED FRONT AGAINST IMPERIALISM, THE FOSTERING OF REVOLUTIONARY WORKING CLASS UNITY AND LEADERSHIP IN STRUGGLE, AND THE

END PAGE TWO

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FBI

## TRANSMIT VIA:

☐ Teletype  
☐ Facsimile  
☒ AIRTEL

## PRECEDENCE:

☐ Immediate  
☐ Priority  
☐ Routine

## CLASSIFICATION:

☐ TOP SECRET  
☐ SECRET  
☐ CONFIDENTIAL  
☐ UNCLAS E F T O  
☐ UNCLAS

Date 12/13/90

1 TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100A-487973)  
 2 FROM : SAC, LOS ANGELES (100A-87506) (CT-1) ~~(P)~~  
 3 SUBJECT: REVOLUTIONARY COMMUNIST PARTY (RCP);  
 4 DOMESTIC SECURITY/TERRORISM (DS/T);  
 5 OO: Los Angeles

6 Full Domestic Security/Terrorism investigation  
 7 authorized 12/17/86, extended to expire 5/24/91.

8 Re telcal from SA [redacted] Los Angeles Division  
 9 to SSA [redacted] Anchorage Division, 12/13/90.

10 Enclosed for Anchorage is a LHM, dated 11/6/90 and an  
 11 Airtel from Director, FBI to All SACs and LEGATS, dated  
 12 12/22/89, both captioned as above. No copies are being forwarded  
 13 to FBIHQ.

14 Both of these communications should prove beneficial to  
 15 Anchorage Division in understanding the organizational structure  
 16 and opportunistic nature of the RCP.

17 2 - Bureau (100A-487973)  
 18 ② - Anchorage (100A-6655) (E)  
 19 2 - Los Angeles (100A-87506)

100A-AN-6655-183

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SERIALIZED	FILED
DEC 21 1990	
FBI-ANCHORAGE	

- 1 -

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_ Transmitted \_\_\_\_\_ Per \_\_\_\_\_  
 (Number) (Time)

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b7c

Airtel to All SACs and All LEGATs  
RE: Revolutionary Communist Party (RCP)  
Domestic Security/Terrorism (DS/T)  
00: Los Angeles

The RCP allegedly has collectives throughout the United States, however, most of the group's concentration appears to be in Southern California. The organization has also been known to collect weapons and engage in firearms and guerrilla warfare training. Although the group has never claimed responsibility for a terrorist incident, the organization is currently suspected in the May 16, 1986, bombing of an Immigration and Naturalization Service facility in Los Angeles, and the November 28, 1987, bombing of the Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory, Livermore, California.

In order to provide a logical and clear understanding of this group, it is first necessary to trace the early development of the RCP and its predecessor, the RU.

#### Early History

Two individuals with contrasting personalities were the [redacted] the RU. The first was [redacted] who had been a member of the Communist Party USA from the 1930's until the early 1960's, much of that time as an active leader. In 1963, he was [redacted] the pro-Chinese Communist organization, Progressive Labor Party, in San Francisco, California. [redacted] traveled secretly to Beijing, China, in 1965, where he used the name [redacted] and [redacted] in Beijing, China. He returned to the United States in 1967, indicating to sources that he would be active on behalf of the Communist Chinese Government.

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Upon his return from the PRC, [redacted] began recruiting young people for the RU, some of whom allegedly went to the PRC for training. [redacted] stated that the youth selected for the organization would be trained and then held in reserve for utilization by the PRC in the next 20 to 30 years. [redacted] specified that those recruited must have sympathy for the PRC and the left-wing movement in the United States; however, they should not be well known so as not to compromise their effectiveness in clandestine operations.

In contrast to [redacted] was [redacted], a self-professed Maoist with an obsession for revolution. Before co-founding the RU, [redacted] in Tours, France. It was during this time that

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Airtel to All SACs and All LEGATs  
RE: Revolutionary Communist Party (RCP);  
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OO: Los Angeles

[ ] allegedly met with members of the French Communist Party. He also served in the U.S. Air Force [ ] and was released at his request in 1966, at the rank of Captain. [ ] was instrumental in both obtaining and training RU members in the use of firearms and explosives.

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During its initial organizing process, the RU remained a clandestine group of individuals, consisting of several collectives. These individuals continued to meet regularly in order to discuss and plan recruitment and training strategies as well as continued participation in their study of Marxist-Leninist and Maoist philosophy.

In April 1969, the RU acknowledged its existence by writing several left-wing periodicals as well as announcing the publication of the RU's newspaper, the "Red Papers." It was also during this time that the RU made public some of its leaders, among them [ ] and [ ]. Between June, 1970, and March, 1971, the RU membership grew substantially with collectives in San Francisco, Detroit, Cleveland, Cincinnati, New York City, Boston, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania. 201-20-1062

100-2012-131 However, in the spring of 1971, [ ] split with [ ] and the RU and [ ] the Venceremos Organization (VO). [ ] had disagreed over when the revolution should begin, which ultimately became the principal issue that brought [ ] departure. [ ] and the RU's position was that additional efforts were necessary for several more years before the revolution could begin. Also, violence should be restrained until the time was right.

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[ ] however and the VO desired immediate implementation of the guerrilla warfare phase of the revolution. Members of the VO later became involved in several violent acts including the murder of a prison guard which occurred during a prison escape of a VO member. There were also indications that the Symbionese Liberation Army, which kidnaped Patricia Hearst in February, 1974, had evolved from elements of the VO.

In October, 1975, the RU changed its name to the RCP. The organization continued to utilize its youth group, the Revolutionary Student Brigade, and left-wing groups such as the Vietnam Veterans Against the War, Unemployed Workers Organizing Committee, and the U.S. China Peoples Friendship Association as front groups for propaganda, recruitment, and logistical support. 7100-2012-144

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During the 1960's and 1970's, RCP members were involved in several demonstrations and confrontations with law enforcement, some resulting in injury to police officers and other demonstrators.

The organization also remained in close contact with the Communist Chinese Government and continued to sponsor several trips to the PRC for its members.

#### Weapons and Explosives

Believing in urban guerrilla warfare when the time is right, the RU, during the 1970's, engaged in firearms and guerrilla warfare training. The members were described by sources as collecting a variety of weapons, including rifles; carbines; and handguns; mace; sniper scopes; bulletproof vests; and explosives. The group continued to utilize public ranges for firearms practice. The RCP, however, later allegedly purchased land in an isolated mountain area in California for instruction and practice in the use of explosives and other guerrilla warfare techniques.

The RCP not only obtained weapons for training, but also supplied other terrorist groups, such as the Black Panther Party, with weapons and explosives. This allowed the RCP to indirectly accomplish terrorist acts without implicating their members. The RCP philosophy supports this course of action because it would result in law enforcement focusing their attention away from their group. This would allow the RCP greater latitude in developing their own terrorist underground cells.

#### Security

The RCP may perhaps be one of the most clandestine terrorist groups in the United States. Because of the highly security-conscious character of the organization, the RCP developed three types of memberships: (1) open members who publicly acknowledge membership; (2) closed members who were known only within the RCP organization; (3) secret members who are known only to selected RCP membership.

Tight security has been also maintained during all RCP collective meetings. All telephones have been removed from the

Airtel to All SACs and All LEGATs  
RE: Revolutionary Communist Party (RCP)  
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OO: Los Angeles

room; attendees have always been identified by code names; and sensitive information has been written down instead of discussed, with the paper later destroyed. Members have been also required to use countersurveillance techniques when driving to a meeting and typically have parked their cars some distance from the meeting's location.

In order to ensure that security is maintained, collectives have been responsible for implementing the following rules:

- - Each collective must use a secret pay telephone;
- - No organizational discussions on a telephone;
- - No intercollective calls unless prearranged;
- - All telephone books should be coded;
- - Telephones should have electronic detection equipment if possible;
- - All collectives should maintain \$100 in cash or traveler's check;
- - Centralize all internal documents, read them immediately, and then destroy;
- - No unregistered firearms should be maintained and;
- - All doors should be double-locked.

#### Informant Development

Informant penetration into the RCP was extremely difficult in the 1970's. The disciplined and secret life-style of RCP members often posed a challenge to developing sources as well as maintaining the few informants that had successfully penetrated the organization. RCP members were known to check the background records of new candidates to verify biographical information. Other collectives also required new members to engage in acts of violence to prove their loyalty to the group.

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00: Los Angeles

In order to maintain continued, tight security, RCP members were periodically placed under surveillance by fellow members. Also, some RCP collectives interrogated members while they were under the influence of sodium pentothal so as to detect any undercover police officers or possible informants.

Additionally, many RCP members were required to live in a commune-type atmosphere where all contacts and activities were carefully scrutinized. Because of its discipline and/or the all-consuming requirements of the organization, a number of Bureau sources discontinued their RCP membership.

By 1978, a tremendous amount of intelligence on the RCP was lost primarily because of a lack of good informant coverage as well as a de-emphasis on the investigation. For this reason, the FBI was placed in a catch-up situation that has made it difficult to not only develop informants, but also to predict violent acts and identify members who are capable of conducting a terrorist operation.

#### Recent Activity

On December 17, 1986, a full Domestic Security/Terrorism investigation was authorized on the RCP because of a series of events occurring in Los Angeles, California, that may have had RCP involvement.

In April, 1986, an FBI source attended an RCP meeting in Los Angeles, California. During the meeting, a long-time RCP member was discussing a planned May Day demonstration (date unknown). The member further advised that if the demonstration did not attract a large enough turnout, there were individuals (not further identified) who were prepared to place a bomb at the Immigration and Naturalization Service (INS) in Los Angeles. There is no additional information on the demonstration; however, on May 16, 1986, an explosive device was detonated underneath an INS vehicle at the downtown Los Angeles INS Office. There were no reported injuries during the incident.

On May 5, 1986, the same source attended an RCP meeting during which time discussions were held on a detailed scenario for bombing the Los Angeles International Airport and a possible hostage taking at an unnamed downtown Los Angeles building. Reports were also given on an alleged terrorist training camp in

Airtel to All SACs and All LEGATs  
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OO: Los Angeles

Mexico for various terrorist organizations which may soon be attended by one or more RCP members.

On May 19, 1987, continued RCP investigations developed information that RCP members were using the residence of [redacted] the Pacific Missile Test Center, Mugu Point Naval Air Station, Mugu, California, for clandestine meetings. [redacted] holds a secret clearance and handles very sensitive military projects and weapons systems for the Navy. [redacted] admitted to an FBI undercover Agent that he supports the RCP underground financially and provides technical advice (not further described) to the group. He further advised that the RCP recruited him because of his scientific and engineering background and have expressed an interest in recruiting other technical people.

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On October 27, 1987, the RCP discussed taking over entire cities, police stations, and killing U.S. border patrol officers. According to the RCP, they have people in place ready for any order given, as well as clandestine safehouses that are being utilized for making explosives. Again, discussions were held on a terrorist training camp located in the United States and Latin America. However, the source was unable to disclose the actual location of the safehouses and/or training camps.

On November 28, 1987, a car exploded at the Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory (LLNL) in Livermore, California. The bomb was placed under the right center of a 1976 Plymouth car parked in the parking lot. The explosion demolished the car, but did only window damage to the Livermore facility.

On [redacted] arrested by the FBI for the Livermore incident. [redacted] admitted after his arrest that he and an associate, using the name Nuclear Liberation Front, had planted the bomb. During the subsequent investigation, [redacted] told the FBI that the RCP had assisted him in the bombing. However, he did not elaborate on what type of assistance the group had given him. Subsequent investigation determined that a source later advised the FBI that a special meeting of selected RCP members had occurred in San Francisco the night before the LLNL bombing. Additionally, the RCP newspaper, "The Revolutionary Worker," had written a series of articles condemning the Star Wars research being done at LLNL. [redacted] disappeared shortly after the arrest. His location still remains unknown.

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Airtel to All SACs and All LEGATs  
RE: Revolutionary Communist Party (RCP)  
Domestic Security/Terrorism (DS/T)  
OO: Los Angeles

The RCP in Los Angeles continues to hold clandestine meetings at various locations in Los Angeles, and use mail drops and pay telephones for communication. They have also been observed using countersurveillance measures, especially when driving. Limited source information has indicated that there may be more than one cell operating in Los Angeles. Some of the cells have also allegedly contacted other terrorist organizations including the Sendero Luminoso (Shining Path of Peru). The RCP is believed to be actively recruiting new members. Because of their extremely cautious nature, the development of new members is a slow process.

#### Conclusion

There appears to be a renewed interest in building a support base which the RCP feels is necessary in order for their underground elements to become successful. Their members, many of whom have been with the group for 20 years, still practice countersurveillance measures, attend clandestine meetings, employ mail drops, and use pay telephones for their communications. This type of activity has been done in the past by other U.S. terrorist groups prior to their participation in a terrorist operation. However, it still is unknown if the RCP has the technical skills and established infrastructure to logistically support other terrorist groups or to actively participate in a terrorist operation.

It cannot be determined at this time if the RCP poses an immediate threat to the United States or if the group still has ties to the Communist Chinese Government. During the investigation, allegations were made by an FBI source [redacted]

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[redacted] However, because of a lack of informant coverage, especially at the leadership level, it has been virtually impossible to predict with any certainty when or if the RCP may attempt a terrorist operation or if any of these allegations are true. Because of a recent recruitment interest by the RCP, now would be an opportune time to penetrate the organization with informants. However, in order for these

Airtel to All SACs and All LEGATs  
RE: Revolutionary Communist Party (RCP)  
Domestic Security/Terrorism (DS/T)  
00: Los Angeles

informants to be successful.

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Field File No.

100-6655-1A① (ANCHORAGE)

Serial # of Originating Document

OO and File No.

Los Angeles 100A-87506

Date Received

12/10-11/90

From

FBI-ANCHORAGE

(Name of Contributor)

FAIRBANKS R.A.

(Address of Contributor)

By

(Name of Special Agent)

To Be Returned ☐ Yes ☒ No Receipt Given ☐ Yes ☒ NoGrand Jury Material - Disseminate Only Pursuant to Rule 6(e), Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure ☐ Yes ☒ No

Title:

REVOLUTIONARY COMMUNIST PARTY (REP);  
DOMESTIC SECURITY / TERRORISM (DS/T)  
OO: LA

Reference:

(Communication Enclosing Material)

Description: ☐ Original notes re interview of2 ORIGINAL MICROCassettes contain  
of 12/10-11/90.

(NOTE: cassette marked

MAY HAVE unrelated

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Field File No. 100A-6655-1A <sup>(2)</sup>

Serial # of Originating Document \_\_\_\_\_

OO and File No. LOS ANGELES 100A-87506

Date Received 12/26/90

From OFFICER   
(NAME OF CONTRIBUTOR)

Airport Police  
(ADDRESS OF CONTRIBUTOR)

FAIRBANKS ALASKA

By   
(NAME OF SPECIAL AGENT)

To Be Returned ☐ Yes ☒ No Receipt Given ☒ Yes ☐ No

Grand Jury Material - Disseminate Only Pursuant to  
Rule 6(e), Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure  
☐ Yes ☒ No

Title: REVOLUTIONARY COMMUNIST PARTY (RCP);  
Domestic Security / TERRORISM (DS/T)  
OO: LA

Reference: \_\_\_\_\_  
(Communication Enclosing Material)

Description: ☐ Original notes re interview of

ORIGINAL TAPE OF 12/23/90 telcal  
from

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(maintain at Anchorage - does not pertain to

DATE  
TIME

PAGE

10

PAGE

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14



3007 ALHAMBRA DRIVE  
EMERSON PARK, CA 90003

1.

**RECORD OF CUSTODY** 90-1522

RECEIVED FROM	DATE	SIGNATURE
	12-26-90	
	12/26/90	

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**AIRPORT POLICE  
EVIDENCE TAG**

Item No. 1  
Date 12-26-90 Case No. 90-7622  
Seized from Safety Dispatch Center, FBI  
Seized at Fairbanks International Airport  
Claimant \_\_\_\_\_  
(X) Held for Evidence ( ) Case Completed ( ) No Case  
Description of Property J.E.I. Audio Cassette  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Officer [Signature] Est. Value \_\_\_\_\_  
12-269 [Redacted] Post ASP  
**NOT DETACH**

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Field File No. AN 100A-6655-1A <sup>(3)</sup>

Serial # of Originating Document \_\_\_\_\_

OO and File No. LA 100A-87506

Date Received 12/10/90 12/10+17/90

From \_\_\_\_\_

(NAME OF CONTRIBUTOR)

U.S. Marshal's Service

(ADDRESS OF CONTRIBUTOR)

FAIRBANKS, AK

By \_\_\_\_\_

(NAME OF SPECIAL AGENT)

To Be Returned ☐ Yes ☒ No Receipt Given ☐ Yes ☒ No

Grand Jury Material - Disseminate Only Pursuant to  
Rule 6(e), Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure

☐ Yes ☒ No

Title: REVOLUTIONARY COMMUNIST PARTY (RCP);  
DOMESTIC SECURITY / TERRORISM (OS/T);  
OO: LA

Reference: \_\_\_\_\_

(Communication Enclosing Material)

Description: ☒ Original notes re interview of

\_\_\_\_\_

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And to last 40<sup>cs</sup>  
impressions of local  
Call -  
very polite

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lured in B - of P - <sup>we could do</sup> <sup>we would like to see the</sup> <sup>the</sup> <sup>has</sup>  
info that neither in Chicago area sent report  
w/ Afri Muslims - <sup>that explain that</sup>  
Afri Muslims are a militant revolutionary party -  
<sup>to understand the</sup>

Caller also mentioned the Guyanese Brotherhood  
as a group who watched ~~blacks~~ <sup>blacks</sup> ~~indented~~ <sup>indented</sup> an associate  
or agents w/ the group -

Specimen in SIA [redacted] R.A.  
plan # for R.A.

3 to 5 minute conversation



did not take call as a threat but more

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As an advisory -

w/m - Cuts 40's  
hushy voice  
"Good Bless you"

should like local call [redacted]  
U.S. Marshall  
Called U.S. Marshall for

no name - he has a friend  
in Bureau of Prison

[redacted]

in Chicago area meeting Sat.

might -  
~~pull in~~

[redacted]

to pass b6  
b7C

[redacted]

(ph) explained

that [redacted] has agreed  
willing to blow-up Valley  
terminal -

- ~~will~~ <sup>may</sup> Call me - give

[redacted]

[redacted]

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\* [redacted] WSM PRCS -

7:36 12/10  
Monday  
night

- Wakes from BOP -

[redacted]

Dem. Rev. Party b6  
b7C

Shady Evening 90% African Men  
Meeting Chicago Area -

More of it will show up really  
and repeat - Dandel like last one -

Field File No. 100A-6655 - 1A <sup>(2)</sup>

Serial # of Originating Document \_\_\_\_\_

OO and File No. LA 100-87586

Date Received 12/23/90

From Airport Police

(NAME OF CONTRIBUTOR)

FAIRBANKS INT'L Airport

(ADDRESS OF CONTRIBUTOR)

By

[Redacted]

(NAME OF SPECIAL AGENT)

To Be Returned ☐ Yes ☒ No Receipt Given ☒ Yes ☐ No

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Rule 6(e), Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure

☐ Yes ☒ No

Title: Revolutionary Communist Party (RCP);  
DOMESTIC SECURITY/TERRORISM (DS/T)  
OO: LA

Reference: \_\_\_\_\_

(Communication Enclosing Material)

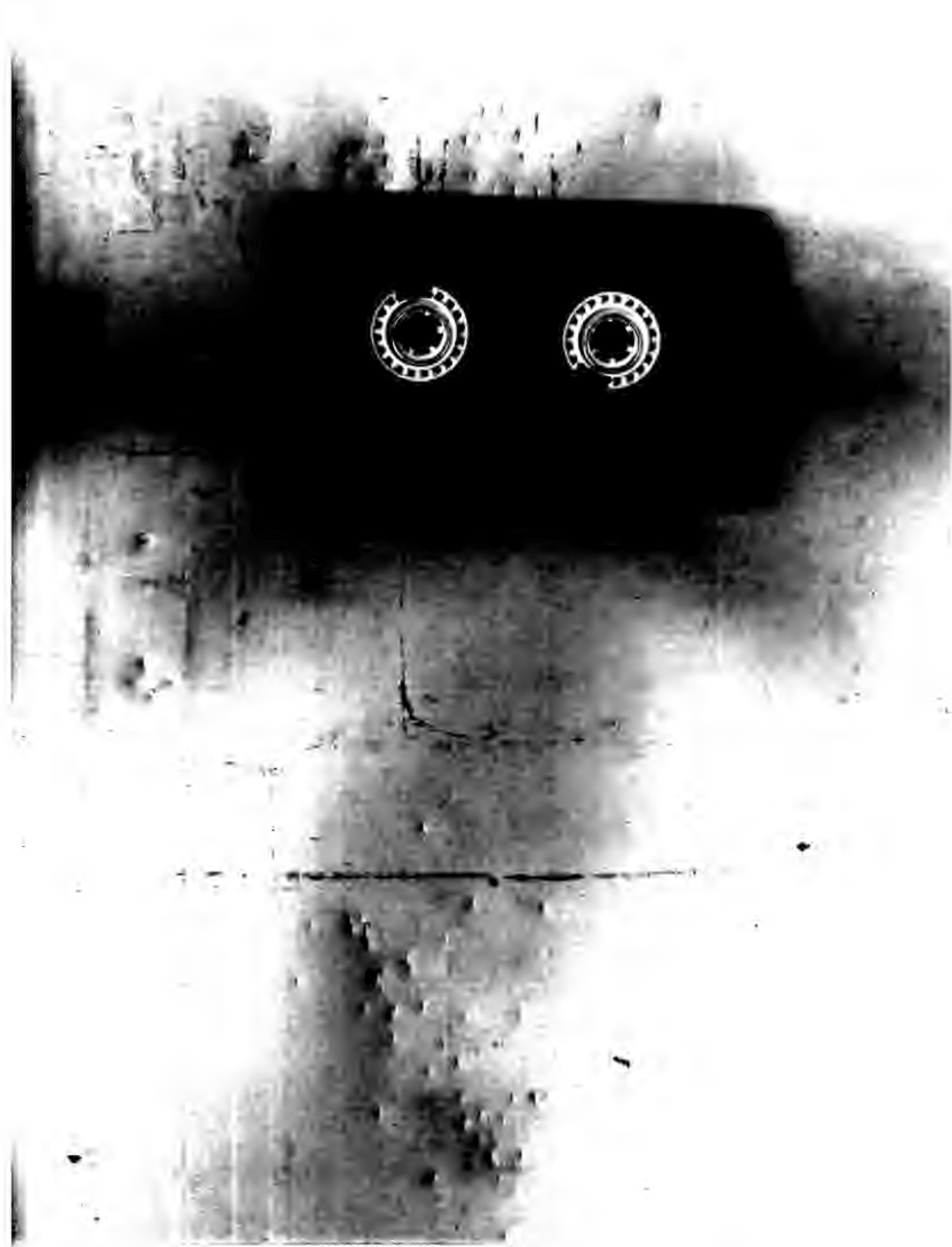
Description: ☐ Original notes re interview of

Copy of [Redacted] TYPE of 12/23/90

NOTE: HAS NO RELEVANCE TO ACTUAL  
RCP INVESTIGATION. MAINTAIN IN  
ANCHORAGE FILE

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AIRPORT POLICE





U. S. Department of Justice

Federal Bureau of Investigation

Los Angeles, California 90024

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No

November 6, 1990

REVOLUTIONARY COMMUNIST PARTY (RCP)  
DOMESTIC SECURITY/TERRORISM  
OO: LOS ANGELES

DATE INVESTIGATIVE SUMMARY PREPARED: November 6, 1990

I. PREDICATION

A full Domestic Security/Terrorism investigation was authorized on December 17, 1986 as a result of several events occurring in Los Angeles, California.

T-1, a reliable source, attended a meeting of the REVOLUTIONARY COMMUNIST PARTY (RCP) in April, 1986, where one of the RCP's underground leaders, [REDACTED], stated that if the planned May Day demonstration did not attract a large enough turn out, she was prepared to place a bomb at the offices of the Immigration and Naturalization Service (INS) in downtown Los Angeles.

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On May 5, 1986, another meeting was held at which a fairly detailed scenario for a bombing at LOS ANGELES INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT (LAX) was discussed. A second scenario involving hostage taking at a downtown Los Angeles building was also discussed. On May 16, 1986, an explosive device was detonated underneath an INS vehicle at the downtown Los Angeles INS office.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

100 A-PN-6655-181

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STORAGE	

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INDEXED \_\_\_\_\_  
SERIALIZE \_\_\_\_\_  
FILED \_\_\_\_\_

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REVOLUTIONARY COMMUNIST PARTY (RCP)  
DOMESTIC SECURITY/TERRORISM

On June 4, 1986, T-1 advised that [ ] told him/her about a terrorist training camp comprised of various groups, not merely for the purpose of training RCP members.

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II. BACKGROUND INFORMATION OF GROUP

The REVOLUTIONARY COMMUNIST PARTY (RCP) was formed in October, 1975, from the REVOLUTIONARY UNION (RU), a militant, semi-covert, Marxist-Leninist revolutionary organization ideologically oriented toward the PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA (PRC) and the teachings of MAO TSE-TUNG. The Constitution of the RCP states that the RCP takes "Marxist-Leninist" MAO TSE-TUNG thought as the theoretical basis guiding its thinking. The basic program of the REVOLUTIONARY COMMUNIST PARTY is the complete overthrow of the bourgeois, the establishment of the dictatorship of the proletariat in the place of the dictatorship of the bourgeois, and the triumph of socialism over capitalism. The ultimate aim of the party is the realization of Communism.

The RCP has advocated the use of violence in advancing its political views. In furtherance of its goals, the RCP has been involved in the recruiting of individuals to attend a multi-group terrorist training camp.

Forceful and violent activities have been discussed at RCP meetings. Examples of this include the previously mentioned discussions of plans for a bombing at LAX and a hostage taking in a downtown Los Angeles building. RCP rhetoric has also included discussions of a seditious nature that set the violent overthrow of the United States Government via the "armed working masses" as its goal.

The RCP is organized nationally and maintains ties with eighteen to twenty international terrorist groups that espouse the same Marxist-Leninist-Maoist doctrines. These groups have combined their resources and are known collectively as the REVOLUTIONARY INTERNATIONAL MOVEMENT (RIM).

The RIM was formed in 1984 and has its headquarters in England and France. Member groups espouse revolutionary communist doctrine as practiced by the late MAO TSE-TUNG. This network includes the RCP USA, the notorious Peruvian Communist party known as SENDERO LUMINOSO (SHINING PATH), and other Maoist groups based in India, Columbia, Sri

REVOLUTIONARY COMMUNIST PARTY (RCP)  
DOMESTIC SECURITY/TERRORISM

Lanka, Nepal, Haiti, Spain, New Zealand, Bangladesh, Iran, West Germany, Italy, and other countries. Signatories to the RIM declarations advocate worldwide communist revolution and agree to support each others efforts in waging respective revolutionary wars.

III. ACTIVITIES DURING PAST 180 DAYS

Investigative steps taken during the current 180 day extension have focused primarily on continued surveillance of known RCP leaders as they met with other RCP members. The surveillance further reveals both the aboveground and below ground organizational aspects of the RCP. Examples of these follow:

Aboveground activities:

As a result of a law enforcement conference of the NORTHSIDE INTELLIGENCE MEETING held in Santa Barbara, California, June 20, 1990, various aboveground revolutionary activities have been linked to the RCP.

Recent graffiti attacks at the UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA at Santa Barbara indicate the perpetrator to be the REVOLUTIONARY COMMUNIST YOUTH BRIGADE (RCYB). Among the quotes which were contained in the graffiti were "RCYB", "Killing people is not science", "When the revolution comes you will hang", "No U", and "Death Cult". In addition, a gender symbol in graffiti is believed to have a connection with the group "ACT-UP".

ACT-UP is a militant group based in San Francisco, California. ACT-UP has been present at numerous demonstrations demanding additional Federal funding for AIDS research.

Recent articles appearing in the Revolutionary Worker, a RCP weekly newspaper, indicates that "flag burning" incidents are on the rise across the country, including a growing number of incidents in Los Angeles. A February 26, 1990 article highlights the "D.C. Flagburning Defendants", [REDACTED]

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REVOLUTIONARY COMMUNIST PARTY (RCP)  
DOMESTIC SECURITY/TERRORISM

[redacted] stated "I burned the U. S. flag as a vow that I will continue to fight against the imperialism and racism that brought death and destruction to the people of Vietnam, and that continues to bring death and destruction to the people of Nicaragua, El Salvador, and many other places around the world."

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It is clear that the U. S. "flag burners" are endorsed by the RCP and have set an agenda using this type of political speech as a method of operation to incite riots and stir up the general population.

On July 4, 1990, a demonstration sponsored by the RCP took place at AALA Park in Hawaii. The theme for the demonstration was "REFUSE AND RESIST" against INS detention centers and U. S. involvement in the Persian Gulf.

REFUSE AND RESIST is a RCP front group  
opposed to INS detention facilities  
(referred to as concentration camps)  
and U. S. involvement in the Persian Gulf.

On August 25, 1990, the LOS ANGELES CHICANO MORATORIUM sponsored a march and demonstration through the streets of East Los Angeles in honor of news reporter RUBEN SALAZAR who had been killed by the police during the East Los Angeles riots in August, 1970. An interesting observation made by the LOS ANGELES TASK FORCE ON TERRORISM (LATFOT) during the demonstration was that RCP member [redacted] and MOVIMIENTO DE LIBERACION NACIONAL (MLN - MOVEMENT OF NATIONAL LIBERATION) member [redacted] were standing side by side. No conversation between the two was observed.

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The MLN is an aboveground support group for the Puerto Rican underground terrorist group FUEZAS ARMADAS LIBERACION NACIONALES (FALN - ARMED FORCES FOR THE NATIONAL LIBERATION OF PUERTO RICO). The ultimate goal of the FALN is to liberate Puerto Rico from the U. S. through violence/armed struggle.

REVOLUTIONARY COMMUNIST PARTY (RCP)  
DOMESTIC SECURITY/TERRORISM

On August 29, 1990, a group of approximately ten youths carrying flags and wearing RCP shirts entered the Naval Recruiting section of the Broadhead Armory, Detroit, Michigan. The group entered the station and began yelling obscenities concerning U. S. involvement in the Persian Gulf. Upon exiting the station property, the group removed the offices' flag which had been posted outside. The group returned to continue their taunting. It was opined that these youths were attempting to provoke a physical confrontation between their group (RCP) and the Marines/Navy. The group left pamphlets behind.

On September 9, 1990, RCP spokesman [ ] spoke at TEATRO FIESTA on Pico Boulevard in Los Angeles. [ ] was featured on C-SPAN, Detroit, circa August, 1990 expounding the virtues of the RCP ideas. [ ] stated that his followers should arm themselves, "Get Guns", and take the country back.

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From May 1, 1990 (MAY DAY) to September 18, 1990, the RCP has been involved in several violent demonstrations in the Los Angeles area where 80 arrests have been made for assaults on police officers and disturbing the peace. Many of the demonstrators are considered "hard core" who arm themselves with rocks, blades, and chili powder. These demonstrations at first focused around the INS detention facilities, labeling these facilities "concentration camps" and demanding that they be closed down. In the recent months, the RCP has now directed their attention towards the Persian Gulf crisis and have been protesting against U. S. involvement in the Middle East.

On September 18, 1990, the RCYB held a demonstration which eventually ended up across the street from the Bonaventure Hotel, Los Angeles. The demonstration coincided with a visit by President BUSH who had a brief overnight stay at the Bonaventure Hotel. Seven RCP members were arrested in connection with the demonstration. Three RCP members were arrested for felony vandalism involving anti-U. S. slogans on a marble wall of the hotel and on a limousine. Four other RCP members tried to prevent the arrests and were subsequently arrested themselves.

On June 10, 1990, 14 RCP members who were arrested on various charges represented themselves as members of LA RESISTENCIA (see Appendix A).

On September 11, 1990, [ ] perpetrated attempted arson of the U. S. Armed Forces Recruiting Station, Times Square, New York.

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REVOLUTIONARY COMMUNIST PARTY (RCP)  
DOMESTIC SECURITY/TERRORISM

The Los Angeles Times Metro Section dated October 9, 1990 makes reference to a U. S. Marine who refused to comply with orders to deploy to Saudi Arabia. The U. S. Marine was quoted as saying he joined "Central American Solidarity Movements" and worked with "REFUSE AND RESIST".

REFUSE AND RESIST is a RCP front group  
opposed to INS detention facilities  
(referred to as concentration camps)  
and U. S. involvement in the Persian  
Gulf.

Below ground activities:

On May 15, 1990 and July 6, 1990, the task force conducted a physical surveillance of aboveground member [REDACTED] [REDACTED] continues to use various "dry cleaning" techniques including drop sites, use of different colored wigs, and frequent changes of clothing while visiting fast food restaurants.

On October 24, 1990, the task force conducted a physical surveillance of aboveground member [REDACTED] [REDACTED] who has an extensive RCP background, was observed to meet clandestinely at a restaurant with RCP member [REDACTED] and an UNSUB. During this meet, papers were observed spread out over the table and the subjects were doing a lot of talking. After the meet, [REDACTED] and the UNSUB drove northbound on Angeles Crest Highway. [REDACTED] stopped at a turnout on the west side of the highway inside the Angeles National Forest. [REDACTED] drove 40 yards off the highway to an area with a steep cliff at the west end of the turnout and met a tan Ford Escort (not further identified). All occupants left their vehicles unattended. This meet lasted two hours. Surveillance on this date proved significant in that it may represent an important secret meet location previously unknown to the task force.

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On October 26, 1990, LATEOT conducted a physical surveillance of aboveground member [REDACTED] [REDACTED] revealed a previously unknown RCP drop site technique when he was observed to visit a coin operated laundromat in the 330 block of Motor Avenue In Los Angeles. [REDACTED] exited the laundromat with a small tote bag. [REDACTED] was later observed to "dry clean" himself on the I-10 freeway by varying his speeds and exiting and re-entering the freeway. [REDACTED] has used "dry cleaning" methods prior

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REVOLUTIONARY COMMUNIST PARTY (RCP)  
DOMESTIC SECURITY/TERRORISM

to proceeding to underground meet locations.

On October 30, 1990, [ ] was observed to utilize a second coin operated laundromat at 3268 Cahuenga Boulevard, Los Angeles. [ ] was observed to be looking inside the dryers for a drop. [ ] exited the drop site carrying a small white bag.

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The RCP has taken pictures of themselves in front of a large group of demonstrators while waving the RCP flag. It is believed the RCP uses these photographs for recruitment purposes, with the pictures simulating a large group of RCP followers. This recruitment technique was observed at a April 9, 1989 NATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR WOMEN (NOW) demonstration on the U. S. Capitol grounds which involved approximately 15 RCP members.

Other

Los Angeles is concerned with current RCP activities in regards to the Middle East crisis, specifically, that the RCP's opportunistic revolutionary philosophy is to strike during times of war and/or economic decline. This ideology is expressed time and again by RCP Chairman, [ ] in the Revolutionary Worker and other party publications. It is important to note the RCP has had lengthy in depth contact with various groups espousing Palestinian causes such as REFUSE AND RESIST and the IRANIAN STUDENTS ASSOCIATION (ISA). Los Angeles is concerned the RCP could be a major disruptive factor in that it could operate in the fashion of a fifth column in the event of a Middle East war.

In addition, projected economic conditions in the United States may provide the RCP with an excuse to incite labor-related riots. It is clear that [ ] is intent on making the REVOLUTIONARY COMMUNIST PARTY the SDS of the 1990's.

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[ ], who met with underground leader [ ] in January, 1990 was believed to play a significant role in the underground RCP. Since [ ] re-entry into the United States from Mexico, the task force was able to positively identify him as [ ] (DOB [ ]). [ ] has returned to the U. S. with numerous books and RCP literature and gave an address of [ ] Illinois 60647. The Chicago Task Force on Terrorism made numerous spot checks at [ ] [ ] was never located in Chicago. [ ] also had some ties to northern California. [ ] and his [ ] lived at [ ] California.

REVOLUTIONARY COMMUNIST PARTY (RCP)  
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[ ] was formerly employed at the U. S. Post Office in San Jose. A recent investigation conducted by San Francisco Division revealed that the [ ] no longer reside at the listed [ ] address. Both their California Driver's Licenses are expired.

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The Task Force still considers [ ] to be an integral part of the underground. The Task Force continues to attempt to locate [ ] and believes he could still reside somewhere in California.

T-1 has not been very active because he has not been able to interact with the underground faction. T-1 has made it clear to the organization that he is available and remains loyal, but prefers to work only with the underground.

On September 16, 1990, RCP member [ ] arrived at T-1's residence. T-1 knows [ ] as [ ] encouraged source to become an active member of the RCP and suggested that T-1 knows too much about the group to leave it. [ ] further stated that the RCP would soon be "patrolling" the area in cars, like the BLACK PANTHERS did. These "patrol" cars would attempt to deflate police car tires if the police vehicles were left unattended. [ ] concluded by saying that the neighborhood is aware of this plan and the RCP is seeking their support.

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On November 3, 1990 T-2, a reliable source, attended an RCP demonstration protesting U. S. involvement in the Persian Gulf.

IV. JUSTIFICATION FOR CONTINUATION OF INVESTIGATION:

The facts and circumstances as set forth above, reasonably indicate that a group of individuals, known to be members of the REVOLUTIONARY COMMUNIST PARTY, are engaged in a united effort for the express purpose of furthering their political goals. These goals call for the violent overthrow of the United States Government and worldwide communist revolution via the armed uprising of the "working masses." The RCP has specifically targeted disaffected youths, immigrants, political extremists, minorities, and other individuals who can be swayed by Maoist rhetoric. The RCP firmly believes that power is obtained by the barrel of a gun.

REVOLUTIONARY COMMUNIST PARTY (RCP)  
DOMESTIC SECURITY/TERRORISM

The continued clandestine activities of underground RCP members shows that security preparations are constantly being refined to preclude infiltration by law enforcement entities. The RCP must maintain secrecy so that it appears to be a group overtly confining itself to constitutionally protected activities. In reality, investigation has shown that the RCP is actively planning for general insurrection in targeted cities throughout the United States. The primary vehicle for RCP agitation is based on exploiting highly volatile racial and ethnic social flash points, a practice already proven effective by their ally, SENDERO LUMINOSO.

In summary, the RCP, under the direction of its clandestine underground leadership, who operate under the guidelines of long established plans for revolution, remain committed to the imposition of a Maoist armed struggle in the United States.

V. RECOMMENDATION:

It is recommended that the investigation of the RCP which expires November 25, 1990 be extended for six months.

REVOLUTIONARY COMMUNIST PARTY (RCP)  
DOMESTIC SECURITY/TERRORISM

APPENDIX A

Revolutionary Communist Party Front Group:

Extensive review of the REVOLUTIONARY UNION and REVOLUTIONARY COMMUNIST PARTY files clearly shows that the RCP has used numerous front names to carry out specific programs (The REVOLUTIONARY UNION is identical to the RCP, however, the name was changed in 1975 to RCP). In regards to recent violent demonstrations in Los Angeles against Immigration and Naturalization Service facilities, the RCP has used the front name "LA RESISTENCIA".

LA RESISTENCIA is a national front organization headquartered in Houston, Texas with an office or Post Office box in Los Angeles (1833 W. 8 Street #100-165). LA RESISTENCIA membership is almost exclusively comprised of RCP and REVOLUTIONARY COMMUNIST YOUTH BRIGADE (RCYB) members. (The RCYB is the youth arm of the RCP).

LA RESISTENCIA, as an RCP front, is used to focus revolutionary propaganda efforts within primarily Latin neighborhoods. The year long demonstrations involving the RCYB have been sponsored by LA RESISTENCIA.

LA RESISTENCIA's basic program is the "struggle to close America's concentration camps for immigrants and refugees". This program links law enforcement efforts in Los Angeles to restrict narcotics sales in targeted areas with various local INS facilities. LA RESISTENCIA propaganda efforts have taken this form of numerous violent demonstrations which have been discussed in this report.

LA RESISTENCIA claims that a national coalition to shut down the U. S.'s concentration camps exists in several cities. During the month of June, LA RESISTENCIA and other RCP members operating under various front names took part in demonstrations against various INS facilities in Los Angeles, Miami, Detroit, Chicago, Boston and Houston.

The strongest connection between LA RESISTENCIA and other non-RCP groups appears to be a link with Miami based VEYE YO. VEYE YO is described as a Haitian Advocacy group. VEYE YO and LA RESISTENCIA members have been involved in several violent demonstrations in the Miami area which have targeted the Krome INS detention facility. The most serious demonstration occurred in April, 1990 when approximately 1,000 demonstrators tore down portions of the facilities' gates in an effort to storm the

REVOLUTIONARY COMMUNIST PARTY (RCP)  
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detention center. It is noteworthy that the official RCP newspaper, "The Revolutionary Worker" lists LA RESISTENCIA contact points in Los Angeles and Houston and VEYE YO in Miami. This would indicate that the RCP and VEYE YO are coordinating efforts to target the INS. Additionally, although no substantial information has been developed to show a link, it is known that the RCP, SENDERO LUMINOSO and the HAITIAN INTERNATIONAL REVOLUTIONARY GROUP are members of the REVOLUTIONARY INTERNATIONALIST MOVEMENT (RIM).

TRANSMIT VIA: AIRTEL

CLASSIFICATION: \_\_\_\_\_

DATE: DEC 22 1989

✓ FROM:

Director, FBI

TO:

All SACs

All LEGATs

REVOLUTIONARY COMMUNIST PARTY (RCP);  
 DOMESTIC SECURITY/TERRORISM (DS/T)  
 00: LOS ANGELES

Full DS/T investigation authorized December 16, 1986,  
 to expire May 29, 1990.

For information of recipients, the Terrorist Research and Analytical Center at FBIHQ is producing a continuing series of short informative airtels on a variety of topics relating to FBI counterterrorism investigations. The following addresses information relating to the Revolutionary Communist Party (RCP).

The RCP was formed in October, 1975, by former members of the Revolutionary Union (RU), a semicovert Marxist-Leninist organization whose goal was the overthrow of the U.S. Government. The RU was ideologically oriented toward the People's Republic of China (PRC) and the teachings of the late chairman Mao Zedong. After the formation of the RCP in 1975, the RU ceased to exist as an organization.

The RCP's ultimate aim is the realization of communism in the United States and the overthrow of the U.S. Government through violence and armed struggle.

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SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
DEC 21 1990	
DRAGE	

100A-87506-815

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
DEC 26 1989	
FBI - LOS ANGELES	

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FBI/DOJ

TRANSMIT VIA: AIRTEL

CLASSIFICATION: \_\_\_\_\_

DATE: DEC 22 1989

✓ FROM:

Director, FBI

TO:

All SACs

All LEGATs

✓  
 REVOLUTIONARY COMMUNIST PARTY (RCP);  
 DOMESTIC SECURITY/TERRORISM (DS/T)  
 00: LOS ANGELES

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 After the formation of the RCP in 1975, the RU ceased to exist as  
 an organization.

The RCP's ultimate aim is the realization of communism  
 in the United States and the overthrow of the U.S. Government  
 through violence and armed struggle.

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PP HQ

DE JN

P 25 2240Z AUG 78

FM JACKSON (44-NEW) (P)

TO DIRECTOR PRIORITY

BT

UNCLAS

UNSUBS; [REDACTED] IMPERIAL WIZARD, INVISIBLE EMPIRE, KNIGHTS

OF THE KKK, USA - COMPLAINANT; CR (C); OO: JN.

UPON PRIOR ARRANGEMENT, [REDACTED] ABOVE COMPLAINANT  
APPEARED AT THE TUPELO, MISS., RA OF THE FBI AT APPROXIMATELY  
12:30 PM, CENTRAL DAYLIGHT TIME. [REDACTED] WAS CLOSELY FOLLOWED  
BY A FILM TEAM OF ABC NEWSMEN WHO WERE ASKED TO LEAVE THE RA OFFICE.

[REDACTED] WAS ACCOMPANIED BY [REDACTED] AKA [REDACTED] A LOCAL  
TUPELO KLAN REPRESENTATIVE. [REDACTED] PROVIDED THE FOLLOWING

INFORMATION:

REC-99

EX-123

V-52

DE-78

HE DISPLAYED A NUMBER OF ISSUES OF "UNITE", THE POLITICAL  
NEWS OF THE MARXIST-LENINIST ORGANIZING COMMITTEE, ADVERTISING  
"DEATH TO THE KLAN". THE NEWSPAPERS FURTHER ADVERTISED "DEATH TO  
KLAN" BUTTONS FOR SALE AT A COST OF 50 EACH. [REDACTED] DISPLAYED

Assoc. Dir.  
Dep. AD Adm.  
Dep. AD Inv.  
Asst. Dir.:  
Adm. Serv.  
Crim. Inv.  
Ident.  
Intell.  
Laboratory  
Legal Coun.  
Plan. & Insp.  
Rec. Mgnt.  
Tech. Servs.  
Training  
Public Affs. Off.  
Telephone Rm.  
Director's Sec'y

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PAGE TWO JN 44-NEW UNCLAS

THE SEPTEMBER 20, 1977, ISSUE OF THE CONGRESSIONAL RECORD WHEREON  
PAGE FOUR AN ARTICLE OF THE HONORABLE [REDACTED] <sup>USA</sup> MAKES  
REFERENCE TO THE ~~REVOLUTIONARY COMMUNIST PARTY AND THE REVOLUTIONARY~~  
~~STUDENT BRIGADE~~ <sup>USA</sup> ADVOCATING DEATH TO KLANSMEN. [REDACTED] FURTHER  
MADE AVAILABLE FLIER PRINTED BY THE ~~NATIONAL UNITED WORKERS~~  
~~ORGANIZATION~~ <sup>USA</sup> WHICH HE IDENTIFIED AS A COMMUNIST FRONT ORGANIZATION  
WHICH ADVOCATES "STOP THE KLAN." THIS PUBLICATION IS DATED  
DECEMBER 12, WITH NO YEAR REFLECTED.

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[REDACTED] ADVISED THAT THE ABOVE AS WELL AS NUMEROUS OTHER  
STATEMENTS, ACTIONS, AND PUBLICATIONS ARE IN VIOLATION OF THE  
KLANS' RIGHT TO PUBLIC ASSEMBLY AND OTHER CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS,  
SPECIFICALLY WITH REGARD TO HIS FIRST AND 14TH AMENDMENTS.

[REDACTED] MADE REFERENCE TO AN APRIL, 1978, INCIDENT WHEREIN  
AN UNKNOWN BLACK INDIVIDUAL IN TUPELO, MISS., REPORTED TO THE  
TUPELO PD THAT ALL THE WINDOWS IN HIS CAR HAD BEEN SHOT OUT.

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[REDACTED] ADVISED THAT THIS INCIDENT WAS REPORTEDLY LATER LEARNED  
TO HAVE BEEN DONE BY THE COMPLAINANT HIMSELF; HOWEVER, THE INFERENCE  
WAS PUBLICLY MADE THAT THE KLAN WAS RESPONSIBLE FOR THIS ACTION.

[REDACTED] ADVISED THAT HIS ENTIRE MEMBERSHIP HAS BEEN INSTRUCTED  
TO CONDUCT ONLY PEACEFUL PROTESTS AND THE KLAN IS NOT RESPONSIBLE

PAGE THREE JN 44-NEW UNCLAS

FOR ANY ACTS OF VIOLENCE IN TUPELO OR OKOLONA, MISSISSIPPI

[REDACTED] ADVISED THAT HE HAS LEARNED THAT [REDACTED] *UY*

[REDACTED] OF THE UNITED LEAGUE WHO HAS CONDUCTED PROTEST DEMONSTRATIONS IN TUPELO, OKOLONA, HOLLY SPRINGS AND CORINTH, MISS., IS AFFILIATED WITH THE MARXIST-LENINIST ORGANIZING COMMITTEE AND HAS MARCHED AND MET WITH THEM IN THE PAST. [REDACTED] STATES THAT [REDACTED] HAS ALSO CONSULTED WITH THE ~~SOCIALIST WORKERS PARTY~~ AT NEW YORK AND IT IS FELT THAT [REDACTED] IS OBTAINING STRATEGY GUIDANCE FROM THESE ORGANIZATIONS WITH REGARD TO HIS UNITED LEAGUE PROTEST.

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[REDACTED] STATED THAT A FIRE BOMB WAS LOCATED INSIDE THE RESIDENCE OF A MEMBER OF THE UNITED LEAGUE IN HOLLY SPRINGS IN THE RECENT PAST AND HE FEELS THAT THIS INCIDENT WAS PERPETRATED BY UNITED LEAGUE MEMBERS THEMSELVES IN AN EFFORT TO CREATE PUBLIC SYMPATHY ON BEHALF OF THE UNITED LEAGUE AND AGAINST THE KKK. HE STATED THAT IT IS HIS INFORMATION THAT THE LOCAL POLICE AUTHORITIES IN HOLLY SPRINGS, MISS., RECEIVED A REPORT CONCERNING THIS MATTER AND ARE OF THE OPINION THAT THE FIRE BOMB, WHICH DID NOT ACTIVATE, WAS PLANTED BY BLACKS. *TW MS*

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[REDACTED] FEELS THAT [REDACTED] AND OTHER MEMBERS OF THE

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

*Memorandum*

TO : Assistant Attorney General  
**CIVIL RIGHTS DIVISION**

DATE: **8-28-78**ATTN: MR. b6  
b7C

FROM : Director, FBI

SUBJECT: **UNSUBS;  IMPERIAL WIZARD,  
INVISIBLE EMPIRE, KNIGHTS OF THE KKK,  
USA-COMPLAINANT  
CIVIL RIGHTS**

Reference is made to \_\_\_\_\_ memorandum dated \_\_\_\_\_  
(your file \_\_\_\_\_).

There is enclosed one copy of the report of Special Agent \_\_\_\_\_  
dated \_\_\_\_\_ at \_\_\_\_\_.

A. ☐ This covers the preliminary investigation and no further action concerning  
a full investigation will be taken by this Bureau unless the Department so directs.

B. ☐ The investigation is continuing and you will be furnished copies of  
reports as they are received.

C. ☐ The investigation requested by you has now been completed. Unless  
advised to the contrary no further inquiries will be made by this Bureau.

D. ☐ Pursuant to instructions issued by the Department, no investigation will  
be conducted in this matter unless specifically directed by the Department.

E. ☐ Please advise whether you desire any further investigation.

F. ☒ This is submitted for your information and you will be advised of further  
developments.

G. ☐ This is submitted for your information and no further investigation will  
be conducted unless specifically requested by the Department.

H. ☐ This covers the receipt of a complaint and no further action will be  
taken by this Bureau unless the Department so directs.

Enc. 1.

**SEE NOTE ON PAGE 2....**b6  
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*File copy*

51/DOJ

PAGE FIVE JN 44-NEW UNCLAS

REPRESENTATIVES OF THE MARXIST-LENINIST PARTY WERE PARTICIPANTS IN THE UNITED LEAGUE, JUNE 10, 1978, RALLY IN TUPELO, MISS.

[REDACTED] ADVISED THAT HE WOULD LIKE THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE TO ADVISE WHETHER OR NOT INVESTIGATIVE ACTION WOULD BE REQUESTED IF AN ALLEGATION WAS MADE THAT A POLICE OFFICER IN A LOCAL POLICE DEPARTMENT WAS A MEMBER OF THE KKK. IN THIS REGARD, [REDACTED] STATED THAT HE RECALLED READING A NEWS RELEASE WHICH STATED THAT THE FBI WAS LOOKING INTO ALLEGATIONS THAT MEMBERS OF THE TUPELO, MISS., PD WERE MEMBERS OF THE KKK. [REDACTED] STATED THAT HE INTENDS TO HAVE A NUMBER OF TUPELO POLICE OFFICERS PUBLICLY IDENTIFY THEMSELVES AS KLAN MEMBERS AT A RALLY SCHEDULED FOR THE EVENING OF AUGUST 26, 1978, AT THE RAMADA INN CONVENTION CENTER, TUPELO, MISS.

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KLANSMAN [REDACTED] OF [REDACTED], MISS., PROVIDED A STATEMENT CONCERNING A SHOOTING INCIDENT INVOLVING BLACK AND WHITE PERSONS IN OKOLONA ON THE WEEKEND OF AUGUST 12, 1978, WHEREIN [REDACTED] WAS WOUNDED. [REDACTED] ADVISED THAT THIS INCIDENT WAS PROVOKED BY A NUMBER OF BLACKS, TWO OF WHOM HE IDENTIFIED AND THAT THE KLANSMEN RETURNED FIRE ONLY AFTER BEING SHOT AT BY A NUMBER OF BLACKS IN A BROWN FORD STATION WAGON DRIVEN BY [REDACTED] THIS MATTER IS

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PAGE SIX JN 44-NEW UNCLAS

CURRENTLY BEING INVESTIGATED BY THE JACKSON DIVISION, JACKSON FILE 44-4904.

[ ] PROVIDED ADDITIONAL DETAILS CONCERNING AN INCIDENT WHEREIN A SHERIFF'S CAR WAS SHOT INTO AT OKOLONA, MISS., AND A LOCAL RESIDENCE HAD ITS WINDOWS DESTROYED BY GUNSHOT. [ ] ADVISED THAT THESE INCIDENTS WERE REPORTED TO THE POLICE DEPARTMENT, AND IT IS HIS OPINION THAT THEY WERE BROUGHT ABOUT AS A RESULT OF ACTIVITY ON THE PART OF THE UNITED LEAGUE TO CREATE PUBLIC SYMPATHY ON BEHALF OF THE LEAGUE AND CREATE SENTIMENT AGAINST THE KLAN.

[ ] ADVISED THAT HE HAS RECENTLY LEARNED THAT A WELFARE DEPARTMENT CHECK MADE PAYABLE TO A CENTRAL OR SOUTH MISSISSIPPI SHERIFF WAS USED TO PAY THE FINE OF AN UNKNOWN BLACK INDIVIDUAL AT THIS UNKNOWN SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENT. HE ADVISED THAT HE INTENDS TO MAKE A COPY OF THIS CHECK AVAILABLE TO FBI AGENTS IN TUPELO, MISS., OR DENHAM SPRINGS, LA., IN THE NEAR FUTURE.

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[ ] CONCLUDED BY STATING THAT HE DESIRES THAT THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE AND/OR ANY OTHER FEDERAL AGENCY FORMALLY CONFIRM TO HIM THAT INVESTIGATION CONCERNING THE ABOVE MATTER IS OR IS NOT BEING INSTITUTED AND THE REASONS FOR SUCH AFFIRMATIVE OR NEGATIVE ACTION WITH REGARD TO EACH. HE REQUESTED THAT HE

PAGE SEVEN JN 44-NEW UNCLAS

RECEIVE THIS NOTIFICATION WITHIN THE NEXT WEEK TO 10 DAYS OR HE  
WILL INITIATE A PEACEFUL PROTEST OF THE DEPARTMENT'S FAILURE TO  
RESPOND TO HIS REQUEST CONCERNING THE ABOVE. [REDACTED] FURTHER  
STATED THAT HE BELIEVES THE ABOVE COMPLAINT TO BE VALID AND WORTHY  
OF THOROUGH INVESTIGATION AND IN THE EVENT THE DEPARTMENT OF  
JUSTICE DISAGREES WITH HIS OBSERVATIONS CONCERNING THESE MATTERS,  
HE MAY MAKE PUBLIC THIS DISAGREEMENT AND INITIATE PEACEFUL PROTEST  
REGARDING IT.

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USA, NDM, OXFORD, MISSISSIPPI, HAS BEEN ADVISED OF THE ABOVE.  
LHM FOLLOWS.

BT

PAGE FOUR JN 44-NEW UNCLAS

MEMPHIS, TENN., COMMERCIAL APPEAL NEWSPAPER STAFF ARE SYMPATHETIC TOWARDS THE UNITED LEAGUE AND ARE PRINTING STORIES IN THAT VAIN TO CREATE PUBLIC SENTIMENT AGAINST THE ACTIVITIES OF THE KLAN IN NORTHEAST MISSISSIPPI.

[ ] STATED THAT ACCORDING TO NEWSPAPER ARTICLES, A LOCAL TUPELO NEWSPAPERMAN TESTIFIED RECENTLY IN U. S. DISTRICT COURT IN OXFORD, MISS., THAT HE SAW AN ARSENAL OF AUTOMATIC WEAPONS, FLAME THROWERS AND OTHER ILLEGAL FIREARMS IN THE TRUNK OF AN AUTOMOBILE OWNED BY A KLANSMAN AT A RECENT RALLY IN TUPELO, MISS.

[ ] ADVISED THAT HE SERIOUSLY DOUBTS THAT ANY OF HIS MEN HAD SUCH AN ARSENAL. [ ] QUESTIONED WHY LOCAL AUTHORITIES IN TUPELO, MISS., WERE NOT APPRISED OF THIS SIGHTING AND WHY THIS NEWSPAPERMAN WAS NOT QUESTIONED BY THE U. S. DISTRICT JUDGE CONCERNING HIS FAILURE TO REPORT THIS MATTER TO POLICE AUTHORITIES UPON SEEING THE ARSENAL.

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[ ] POINTED OUT THAT DURING A JUNE 10, 1973, MARCH THE UNITED LEAGUE CARRIED SIGNS READING "DEATH TO THE KLAN" WHICH HE, [ ] CONSIDERS TO ~~BE~~ <sup>INCITE</sup> AND PROVOKE VIOLENCE TO BE AN OUTWARD CONSPIRACY TO DENY THE KLAN OF THEIR CIVIL RIGHTS AS GUARANTEED BY THE U. S. CONSTITUTION. [ ] STATED THAT